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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
one year in advance,.....	\$2 00
not paid in advance,.....	\$3 00
TERMS OF ADVERTISING.	
one square of 16 lines or less, first in- sertion,.....	\$1 00
each subsequent insertion,.....	50
Over one square counted as two, &c.	50
Chancery charged at advertising rates.	
Marriage notices,.....	50
Air nomination of Candidates.	
For County offices,.....	\$5 00
For State offices,.....	\$10 00

Jacksonville

Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., APRIL 6, 1872.

WHOLE NO 1824

Rates of Advertising,		
For three, six, or twelve Months		
One square of 16 lines, 3 months,	55 00	
" " " 6 "	7 50	
One fourth column, 3 "	10 00	
" " " 12 "	12 00	
One half column, 3 "	15 00	
" " " 6 "	25 00	
One column, 3 "	35 00	
" " " 12 "	50 00	
One column, 3 "	60 00	
" " " 12 "	100 00	

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN'

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. S. Office Row, Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme Court of the State.—1871.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair, and Cherokee, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

K. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

G. J. & G. E. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair, and Cherokee, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

G. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL,

ELLISS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Etowah, and Cherokee, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

SELMAN, J. C. FRANCIS,

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof

Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMAN, J. C. FRANCIS,

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLF & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LIQUOR DEALERS,

32 COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

We keep always on hand a full

Stock of

Foreign & Domestic

WHISKIES

OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES

Also

Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,

And all articles usually found in Liquor stores. We sell our goods at the lowest possible prices.

The experience of more than Twenty-five years as Rectifiers enables us to guarantee our Manufactures to be superior to any similar goods in the country. Call and examine for ourselves and save money.

Oct 17—6 mos

RAW. PORTER & CO

Under Odd Fellows' Hall-Royal St.

Mobile Ala

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OILS, VAR-

NISHES, BRUSHES,

Marbleized Slate Mantles, Grates

and Fenders,

WHITE PINE BLACK WAL-

NUT & MAHOGANY

PLANK & WOOD

MOULDINGS.

Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Drain

Pipe, and House Furnishing

Goods.

Doors, Sash & Blinds

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

Window, Car, Picture, Photo-

graphic and Ornamental

Glass.

Oct 7—6 mos

F. J. BARNARD & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULD-

INGS &c.

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between

Church and Broad,

MOBILE, ALA.

This House was established

in the year 1842.

Feb 24 1872—6 mos

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebra-

ted and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manu-

facturer's prices. Also, Importer of French

Burnt & Gasco's MILL STONES, Double

Turbo Water Wheel, and an assortment of

baking, &c.

Dec. 30, 1871—15.

THE WORLD REOPENED

PRINTING & PUBLISHING

AND

BOOKSELLING

AND

NEWSPAPERS

AND

ADVERTISING

AND

GENERAL BUSINESS

AND

MANUFACTURING

AND

CONTRACTING

AND

CONSTRUCTION

AND

MANUFACTURE

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30TH, 1872.

The Agricultural College.

The Directors of this Institution met at Auburn on the 20th of March, and organized a faculty of eight, with salaries from \$2,500 to \$1,750 each. The tuition will be \$50 a year; two cadets from each county being admitted free. The College went into operation at once with near 100 pupils in attendance. Sessions begin 1st Monday in February. Dr. Tichnor, the President of the College is a Baptist minister. Professor Hogg is a Methodist. Prof. Read is a Presbyter. Prof. Stubbs is a Methodist. Dr. Ross is a Methodist preacher. Prof. Dunkin is a Methodist. Prof. Jenison is said to be an Episcopalian. Col. Garrison, Commandant of Cadets is a Methodist. The Auburn College was a Methodist Institution when turned over to the State for an Agricultural College, and the fact that all the Professors of that Institution were retained, accounts for the preponderance of Methodist Professors.

We are glad to see the Court House undergoing repair to the extent of new steps. This is a step in the right direction. Our Court House is perhaps the worst looking one in the State, costing as much money as it did. The upper portion of the building is insecure when large crowds are on the floors; so much so that sometimes the Sheriff clears the room of a portion of the crowd. The offices of the various county officers are small and uncomfortable. This latter defect could be easily remedied by throwing the Grand jury room and Probate Judge's room into one, letting a brick wall take place of the present thin wood partition, through which everything going on in the Grand jury room can be easily heard from the outside. The room formerly occupied as a Post Office could be made a Grand jury room, a brick wall taking the place of the thin wood partition on that side also. These brick walls would render the upper portion of the building perfectly secure, and could be put up this summer at very little cost to the county. Some guttering and painting is also necessary. We hope our worthy and efficient Commissioners will look into the thing at their next meeting and take such steps in the matter as good taste and the interest of the county demand.

Advice to Writers for the Press.

We know that a few general suggestions to those who continually write for newspapers will be taken in good part by such. We write in no spirit of exhortation, but every one will admit that a man who makes his business is in some measure competent to advise on the head.

In the first place, as has often been impressed before you who know exactly what you want to write about, and go directly to the point in a few words as possible. When tempted to beat about the bush elaborate too largely, reflect that every syllable of every word has to be handled by paid workmen at least twice, and consequently costs the proprietor money to have it appear in print—that every surplus word left out of a communication saves him some money. A communication written with this simple fact in view is almost certain of acceptance if the subject is worthy of public notice at all.

Some young writers have a fondness for quotations and often weaken the force of what they say by ringing them in, even if they have to go out of the way to do so. A quotation should not be used unless it is perfectly a *proper* and comes in as easily as "falling off a log." A witticism or "good thing" is rarely as good in the writing as in telling, and should be avoided if the very characters on the paper don't make the author laugh himself almost to death. Many otherwise very good articles are spoiled by far-fetched attempts at wit.

Never by mere allusion perpetrate a joke for the benefit of a few knowing ones. If not understood generally it sounds silly and don't pay for the spoiling of what is really good in an article. If only a few "know about it," it is better to leave it out of the paper and get it off when you see them.

In growing indignant over real or imaginary wrongs, do not pile up your expressive phrases too high. If once a reader suspects you are having an eye to your rhetoric in the midst of your towering rage, he loses all sympathy with you, and the end of your article leaves him in excellent humor and a feeling of vast superiority to you.

Few public speakers can carry an audience to rage with themselves, and it is more difficult for a writer to do so. A simple statement of fact in such cases is usually the best; leaving the reader to draw his own conclusions and swear thereto or not as he may choose.

The above, as we remarked in the outset are the general rules that may govern writers for some press, which, if followed, usually insures to their articles more favorable attention at the hands of editors. Below are a few more that hold in all instances be closely observed.

1st. Write in a fair legible hand—never small and cramped.

2nd. Punctuate well. If not well acquainted with the rules of punctuation, be certain to place your periods where they should be, always beginning the next word with a capital letter. If you do not use the period and capital letters you had best not write for the papers until you learn their use. The habit some writers have of using the dash for any and every point is abominable; but this is better than no point at all.

3rd. Write all proper names with care. There is no rule governing the spelling of these and they cannot be made out as other words from the context.

4th. Write only on one side of your paper. One reason that printers insist on this rule is because sometimes copy has to be divided out among several compositors, which cannot be done if both sides of the sheet is written on.

5th. If you write under an assumed name always give the editor your real name; and further, in writing under an assumed name make no assertion or pen word that you would not if writing under your real name.

6th. Never commence an article with a set compliment to the paper—"your invaluable sheet," &c. It is undesirable to express gratification at the course and tone of the paper touching certain measures, or to condemn it as to that matter; but these set complimentary phrases are well understood by both editor and readers and are in bad taste.

7th. Never close an article with an apology for it. If necessary to apologize for it at the conclusion of it, an author should think twice before inflicting it on the public.

Most of these ideas we have gleaned from articles we have from time to time read on this same subject, and some prevent themselves to us out of a brief experience, but they are, we trust, valuable for all that. Certain it is that articles written in disregard of these rules meet generally with little favor at the hands of gentlemen of the press.

A party of hangmen, about the A. & C. Rail Road took out a train, the other day, one acting as engineer, another as conductor and three as brakemen and firemen) from Meridian and run through to Birmingham where they were arrested. It is not said whether they made the trip pay in freight and passenger receipts or not.

A man named Cox is exhibiting in Montgomery's "live rooster" that crowds and walks about it if nothing had happened, although its head was cut off on the fifth inst. Bob Heflin of Randolph furnishes the necessary certificate of genuineness. The trick was played successfully in New York city two or three years ago. The heavy feathers around the neck of a rooster Adams of the fitting of the neck of a killed fowl over the head of the "live rooster" so as not to be detected.

They tell a good joke on Selma theatre goers. When Januschev was there the first night, the audience retired before the players appeared in the last act, supposing the play was over. On the night following, determined not to be guilty of an exhibition of like coarseness again, they remained expectant, fifteen minutes after the last falling of the curtain. When it dawned upon them that the actors had passed out of the building and gone to bed, they slowly arose and grimly walked out.

The local Editor of the Montgomery Advertiser has his doubts about there being only eleven tax defaulters in Calhoun County. Our Tax Collector says that if he will take the trouble to find the 12th one, he will himself pay his taxes. The fact is there is only ten now, one having paid off the tax after the first publication. It is a fact that there is only ten tax defaulters in Calhoun County, and no county in the State can't be made to make such a showing. On the contrary most of them have their hundred.

It will be observed that, by mistake, the outside of this paper is dated a week ahead.

Young Ike Moragne, from Gadson, was over this week. He bought all the marbles in town. It is thought from this that the Gadson merchants design getting up a corner in the marble market.

Attention is invited to Carroll & McCain's new advertisement of Spring Stock.

JAPANESE women whose lovers are faithless, rise at two o'clock in the morning and drive nails into sacred trees, vowing that when her lover dies she will pull them out. She believes that the god, to save his tree will strike her lover dead. This is a little worse than lying awake nights to hate people.

A candidate for constable, on the temperance ticket, in an interior city of Massachusetts, ruined his reputation for sobriety and his chances for political promotion by attempting to step on a lead on a bay which he mistook for a street car.

According to a report from the State Auditor of Mississippi, the taxation in that State must be raised to more than double its present rate in order to carry on the government. In the face of this warning, every measure of retrenchment which is proposed in the Legislature is promptly voted down by the carpet-baggers and freedmen, who form the majority of that body.

The Teutonic tailor of a Pennsylvania village having married a second wife injudiciously soon after the funeral of the first, the young men of the place notified their disapproval by a tin-horn serenade during the progress of the wedding feast. The vulgar fraction of a man expostulated in the following style: "I say, poys you ought to be ashamed o' yourselves to be making all dis noise wen der vere vas a funeral hero so soon."

THURMAN is said to be as good a classical scholar as Sumner.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—

A Washington letter says:—The Administration has resolved to put forth every effort to carry the election in Connecticut. Every Republican in office here who is a voter in that State will be required to go home. Some of them who voted at the local election here last summer are in quite a quandary, as the Democratic State Committee have decided to prosecute such a class of repeaters. The Congressional Republican Committee have also raised funds, secured speakers, and are flooding Connecticut with campaign documents. The Democrats are taking a more active part in the Connecticut campaign than they did in the New Hampshire, as the probability of a Conservative victory is much the stronger in the former State.

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The New York Tribune, commenting on the betrayal in a Washington dispatch of a plot on the part of the "loyal Republicans" to seize possession of the Cincinnati Convention and endorse the administration, disclaims any intention to disturb or interfere with the "Federal Officers' Convention" which is to meet in Philadelphia in June, and adds: "We trust no one will attend that gathering who has not fully made up his mind to let the present incumbents have another four years lease of office and power. But the Cincinnati Convention is none of their affair. They did not call it; they are not invited; their presence is not desired. Let them mind their own business and run their own machine."

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THURMAN is said to be as good a classical scholar as Sumner.

The newspaper correspondent has escaped from the North Carolina outlaws. No reports of the death of Henry Berry Lowery and Boss Strong.

THURMAN is said to be as good a classical scholar as Sumner.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this road, as follows:

Train leaves Montgomery, at 6.55 a.m.
Arrives at Calera 10.40 a.m.
Arrives at Birmingham 12.50 p.m.
Arrives at Calera 3.50 p.m.
Arrives at Montgomery 7.30 p.m.
Arrives at Calera 6.30 p.m.
Arrives at Montgomery 9.00 a.m.

Closes connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, or Mobile, New Orleans, and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quietest route to and from points above shown for passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued.

Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, *Asst' Sup't.*

SOIREE.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

JACKSONVILLE

FEMALE ACADEMY,

To be given by the young ladies and girls of the school at the

Academy Hall,

Friday evening, April 6th, 1872.

Admission 50 cents. Children, 25 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

Tickets for sale at Woodward's Store and Nisbet's Drug Store.

Let no one feel that he is not individually called upon to contribute to the repairing of the Academy.

March 30—1.

LIST OF LICENSE.

The following is a true list of license issued by me from the 1st of January, 1872, to and including the 29th day of March, 1872, to wit:

No. 1. H. L. Stevenson, License to practice Law.
No. 2. R. P. Weaver, License to keep a Livery Stable.
No. 3. Burwell Higginbotham, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 4. A. Kirksey, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 5. G. Smith, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 6. Dr. B. S. Evans, License to practice Medicine.
No. 7. S. C. Williams, License to practice Medicine.
No. 8. S. C. Williams, License to sell Drugs.
No. 9. Frosley, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 10. Pinckney Carpenter, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 11. S. C. & J. S. Kelly, License to keep a Livery Stable.
No. 12. Wm. H. Forney, License to practice Law.
No. 13. J. P. Gore, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 14. M. S. Keith, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 15. Whiteman & Co., License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 16. Whiteman & Co. License for two Billiard Tables.
No. 17. A. M. Landers, License to wholesale Spirituous Liquors.
No. 18. W. W. Harris, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 19. Dr. A. Polham, License to practice in Medicine & Surgery.
No. 20. R. B. Lewis, License to practice Law.
No. 21. Faughender & Teague, License to wholesale Spirituous Liquors.
No. 22. M. T. Humphries, License to retail Spirituous Liquors.
No. 23. M. T. Humphries, License for a Billiard Table.
No. 24. Martin & Clark, License to wholesale Spirituous Liquors.
No. 25. John Foster, License to practice Law.
No. 26. Jas. McHughes, License to keep a Stallion.
No. 27. G. C. Ellis, License to practice Law.
No. 28. Jno. H. Caldwell, License to practice Law.
No. 29. Dr. J. F. Davis, License to practice in Medicine & Surgery.
No. 30. Dr. J. C. Francis, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 31. Jas. Crook, License to practice Law.
No. 32. Dr. J. C. Francis, License to sell Drugs.
No. 33. W. E. Bowling, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 34. McCormick & Maret, License to wholesale spirits.
No. 35. Dr. F. H. Gardner, License to practice medicine and surgery.
No. 36. Dr. M. W. Francis, License to practice medicine and surgery.
No. 37. Dr. J. D. Arnold, License to practice Dentistry.
No. 38. W. T. Alexander, License as Agent Andes Insurance Co.
No. 39. Ross W. Whisenant, License to keep a Jack.
No. 40. D. W. Weir & C. A. Bates, License to sell Drugs.
No. 41. D. J. Privett, License to wholesale Spirituous Liquors.
No. 42. Clements & Co., License to keep a Jack.
No. 43. Dr. W. G. Slaughter, License to practice Dentistry.
No. 44. U. C. Porter, License to practice Dentistry.
No. 45. Dr. J. A. Nisbet, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 46. Dr. J. H. Hughes, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 47. Dr. Wm. Nisbet, License to sell Drugs.
No. 48. Dr. P. Lindner, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 49. Dr. E. H. Allen, License to practice Medicine & Surgery.
No. 50. Wm. M. Hauns License to practice Law.
No. 51. Dr. R. G. Teague, License to practice Medicine and Surgery.
No. 52. J. F. & L. W. Grant, License to publish a newspaper.
No. 53. M. J. Turnley license to practice law.
No. 54. G. I. Turnley license to practice medicine.
No. 55. E. J. B. Cowden license to practice medicine.

The State of Ala., I. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court in Calhoun County, Judge of the Probate Court in and said county, hereby certifies that the foregoing embraces a true list of license issued by me numbered from 1 to 52 inclusive from 1st day of January 1872 to the 29th day of March 1872.

Given under my hand this 29th day of March, 1872.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

mar16 '72-3t.

Notice

AND

REPUBLICAN

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
COUGUE DEALERS,
ALABAMA.
At 6 p.m.—

kindly and appropriately thanked the Orator, the Alderman finally thrust his hands into his pants pockets, and turned slowly but comfrey away. Thus his piece so long delayed was satisfactorily rendered, the town saved of much expense, and to speak truthfully an important event had transpired.

J. Q.

At a meeting of the Town Council held March 16th the following resolution was introduced and unanimously adopted.

Resolved—That the Council in taking leave of S. M. Pruitt, Marshal, do cheerfully bear witness to his fidelity in the discharge of his trust and duties, and to the high appreciation in which he is held by each and every member of this body as a faithful and efficient officer.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary.

At a recent meeting of the Banner County Hose Co. the following officers were elected,

Jacob Rosenberg, Foreman;
C. C. McAlister, Asst';
J. B. Turnley, Secretary;
John M. Caldwell, Treasurer;
C. P. Read, 1st Wardsman;
D. J. Privett, 2nd ";
John M. Snow, 3rd ";
Jno. T. Wilkins, 4th "

CANE CREEK LOCALS.

LOS—Your Cane Creek Local of last week is a *Wrighter*. She told you all about it. Our neighborhood was much in need of a local writer for your paper. The REPUBLICAN is always hailed with a welcome when we get it, to see the locals.

Two weeks more the story entitled

"will be completed and we will have room for other matter that necessarily Jain over."

A call meeting of the Council last day an election was had for Marshal resulted in the election of Mr. Snow.

Our patrons will confer a favor upon us all themselves by remembering we said weak-before-late about want of subscriptions before court here. Some prompt men have already come forward with the necessary sum, for which they have our thanks.

—

A thief broke through the outer wall of my smoke house of the proprietor of the house, some nights ago. Of course I had nothing. It took great pains to break from the garden side, whereas had approached from the yard he'll have found the door open. He left no sign.

Land has crept him a lamp post out of his jewelry store. He will kerosene until our gas works are established. Others will follow his example and our streets will be well lighted at night. Memphis city used kerosene for

—

an announcement elsewhere it will be that Miss Snow designs having Friday evening next an entertainment in behalf of the Female Academy, hope it will be fully attended. The money realized from the proceeds will be used to render the building more comfortable and attractive.

—

The necessary steps will be taken during the week to get up the funds necessary to erect the Monument to the late dead of Calhoun. We trust to expect that the greatest success will crown the efforts of the patriotic gentle who will take the matter in hand. Such a scheme cannot fail in Calhoun.

—

We have had frequent complaints of from various parties of the enormous sum collected by that strong usurper the Southern Express Company.

Mr. Sheld, of Alexandria, says next to

for the benefit of those who may complete ordering through express,

he had to pay on two bushels of (about one dollar per bushel)

at Decker, Tenn., the moderate ex-

change of \$3.25.

—

Anderson Dean's Piece.

Dear Lon.—Being invited to accompany Mr. John M. Snow, and our worthy friend, Wm. H. Dean (who has so defered saying his piece) to the Water Works Reservoir, I went there, who were busily employed in the various process of "piling" the in the middle of the reservoir prepared to "piling" the sides, we were to lay the stones.

Mr. Abe Green has opened his fish market, having sent to Ashville consumers an old-fashioned carriage full drawn by his celebrated horned horses.

Trout W. offers for the benefit of the public a receipt for killing five on colts.

"With a lighted torch burn all the hair off the legs, body & head of the patient.

This having been accomplished, bathe the smoked fruits well in soft soap, wring

solution of tar only on the neck. This is a very mild remedy and calculated to win."

KUDGE.

PINEY GROVE LOCALS.

DEAR LOS.—The above designated place is situated three and a half miles north-west of Oxford and two miles west of the crossing of the rail roads, in a beautiful valley of fertile lands, surrounded by magnificient mountains on one side and a dense pine forest on the other.

We are looking forward to the completion of the East Ala. & Cincinnati R.R. as a time of great importance to those owning these fine timbered lands. In the meanwhile we have an eye to the main chance, (farming). One would think from the new rails on Mr. Ackers' fence that emancipation was a delusion, but he a slaveholder.

Mr. Archy Smith, formerly of your town, has settled in our community and put up some good cabins with nice brick chimneys. We welcome all such.

Two miles further on toward Oxford, Mr. Spradley is building a two story house for a residence.

Some changes are going on. J. L. Kirby has bought out Capt. John A. Cobb who intends going West in the Fall. We regret losing such men as Capt. Cobb. Trust our loss may be his gain.

The "other" kind of school to which "Miss Jane" referred is a female school.

(I write this lest you should be mistaken as to what kind it was.) Old Muly still lives in spite of March winds and snowy feet.

Our people are preparing largely for Cotton, notwithstanding the great cry for bread.

Our worthy pastor, Bro. Timmons,

has filled four appointments up to date.

Bro. Warrack generally on hand and ready to set forth the truths of the gospel in their plainest terms.

SUBSTITUTE.

A low murmur of applause filled that reservoir, the General

CAUSE OF THE TICHBORNE TRIAL COLLAPSE.

The Tribune's London letter says the collapse of the Tichborne trial is understood as being due to the claimant's failure to raise the money needed to go on with it. His solicitors, it is said, notified him some time since that they were out of funds, and that his counsel could not be expected to proceed with the cross-examination of witnesses for the defense unless more money was forthcoming. Thereupon the claimant called together all his friends and explained to them that all the money they had heretofore contributed was likely to be lost for want of little more. It is possible more might have been had but for the surprising turn the jury took.

What the jury saw was the evidence of Lord Belvoir that the real Sir Roger was tattooed and the admitted fact that the claimant has no corresponding marks.

An officer in Sir Roger's old regiment is alleged to have written a letter declar-

ing that Lord Belvoir is entirely mista-

ken, and that on the occasion of the ta-

tuing Sir Roger was one of the officers

who personally refused to have anything

to do with it. The name of the officer is mentioned freely in conversation, but there is now repeat it as matters now stand.

It is obvious that the claimant's solici-

tor and counsel, with such evidence

as they possess, would not have

done the same if the jury had known

the man to be the claimant.

There seems to be no disposition in

any quarter to yield to the British

view of the question.

—

WASHINGTON, March 24.—A duel was

fought yesterday between M. Rogat,

of the *Paris* newspaper, and

M. Richardart of the *Corsaire*. The

latter was wounded in the chest.

—

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fought yesterday between M. Rogat,

of the *Paris* newspaper, and

M. Richardart of the *Corsaire*. The

latter was wounded in the chest.

—

NASHVILLE, March 26.—A negro attempted to rob a farm house.

The owner resisted him, and was killed in the attempt. The negro was captured and hung by the people.

—

WASHINGTON, March 27.

Sumner and Pinchback closed

this morning. Sumner yesterday

protested against the right of the ar-

mocrats to nominate.

—

NEW YORK, SALVAGE.—A company

of leading physicians and surgeons

have organized to meet the

casualties of the fire.

—

CRISTANDRO'S HAIR DYE—is the

best hair dye ever made. Does not fade or explode if the lamp is spattered.

—

RAILROAD.—THE COMPLETE

ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.—

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, \$2.00
If not paid in advance, \$2.00
One square foot to hire or less, first insertion, \$1.00
Subsequent insertion, 50 cents
Each square counted as two & one-half dollars charged at advertising rates
Marriage notices, 25 cents
Announcement of Candidates, 50 cents
Per County offices, \$5.00
Per State offices, \$10.00

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. M. HANES, J. T. MARTIN
HANES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8, Old Row, Jacksonville, Ala. W. H. practices in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah, Cherokee, and the Supreme Court of the State. May 20-1871.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the County of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Etowah, Cherokee, DeKalb, and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23, 1865.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY,
TURNLEY & TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Etowah, Cherokee, DeKalb, and the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 6-1866.

J. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL,
ELLISS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
LEAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Marion, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

H. H. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

JASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law,
SELMA, ALA.

WILL practice in all the State Courts, and also the Federal Courts at Montgomery; buy and sell real estate.

B. R. WHEATLEY,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE L. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
Feb. 25-1871-ty.

Dr. G. C. Porter,
RESIDENT SURGEON DENTIST,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
Office in rear of Rowan's Store, and opposite Hanes & Martin's Law Office. Thankful to his many friends and patrons, could still solicit a continuance of their favors.

Absent to Gadsden 3rd week in each month. Jan. 13th 72-11.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

O. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliott & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing).

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight. Sept. 23, 1871-ty.

J. T. COOPER

THE WORLD'S RENOWNED
MANUFACTURERS OF WALLPAPER.

Rome, Georgia.

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the valuable Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Linen and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Building, &c.

Dec. 20, '71-ty.

JACKSONVILLE

"The Price of Liberty is External Vigilance."
PACIFIC UNION SOCIETY, APRIL 18, 1872.

VOL. 36.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., APRIL 13, 1872.

WHOLE NO 1826

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS
N. WOODRUFF & Co.

COTTON FACTORS,
and

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE (UP STAIRS) CITY BLOCK,
SELMA ALA.
sept-6-3m.

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BROWN,
BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA - ALABAMA.
JULY 1-1872.

W. R. KERRIGAN, W. B. MCKINNEY,
MCKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding
TELEGRAMS

AND
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma - - - - - Alabama.

We have a large and convenient
Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every
facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6-1872.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HORN,
J. N. HORN, Prop'r.

june 18-1872.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in
notifying his Friends, and the
PENLIC GENEALOGY

that he has opened the stables formerly
known as the Privett Stables.

IT IS PREPARED TO HIRE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at
the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day \$6.00.

Two-horse wagon and driver per day \$5.00.

Rugby and horse per day \$3.00.

Single Buggy per day \$2.00.

He will also feed and take care of stock
charges to be paid when the stock is
taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER, Aug 12-71.

WOLF & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LIQUOR DEALERS,

32 COMMERCIAL STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

We keep always on hand a full
Stock of

Foreign & Domestic

WHISKIES

OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.

Also

Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,

And all articles usually found in Liquor
stores. We sell our goods at the lowest
possible prices.

The experience of more than Twenty-five
years as Distillers enables us to guarantee
our Manufactures to be superior to any
similar goods in the country. Call and examine
for yourself and save money.

Ans Truly,
MILLER catalogue
ES & CO.

DR. G. C. PORTER,

RESIDENT SURGEON DENTIST,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Office in rear of Rowan's Store, and
opposite Hanes & Martin's Law Office.

Thankful to his many friends and patrons,
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Keeps constantly on hand the most celebra-

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facturer's prices. Also, Importer of the
valuable Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French

Linen and Esopus MILL STONES, Double

Turbo Water Wheel, and an assortmen-

t of Building, &c.

Dec. 20, '71-ty.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

Wrote has been repaired, refurnished
and refitted up especially for the comfort
of those who may favor us with a call.

Rooms large and comfortable—fare well
as the country affords—servants polite
and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regu-

lar boarders.

J. E. BRANSTON, Proprietor.

JAN APRIL MADSEN.

Were you ever heavy-hearted, little May?

She tossed her pretty head,

As right surely she said,

"Heavy-hearted? No, not I;

Yet a little makes me cry,

And a little less than half;

Makes me laugh,

My mother often calls me April Day.

Were you ever very happy, little May?

Again she shook her head,

"Do not know," she said,

"For happy? Who is so?"

Not a single soul you know;

Mother often tells me this,

With a kiss;

Our life, she says, is like an April day.

Were you ever a daughter, little May?

She blushed a royal red,

As right surely she said,

"Very daughter? Let me see;

Why, I am but a child—for me

I have tried on Pussy's toes;

And I've run in Sunday clothes;

And old—now, don't you tell—

I mean to—well,

Fool every one I know on April day."

OUR OWN.

I have known in the morning

How weary all the day.

The wavy-junked would trouble my mind;

That I said when you went away,

I had been more careful darling,

Now given me no rest past

But we vex our own back and tone

We might never take back again.

For though in the quiet evening,

You may give me the kiss of peace,

Yet it well might be that to me

The pain of the heart should cease;

How many go forth at night!

Who never goes home at night!

And hearts have broken for harsh words

spoken,

That sorrow can never set right;

The blood-junked would trouble my mind;

We have a careful thought for the stranger,

And some for the sounding guest;

But off for our own bitter tones

Though we love our own best.

Alb! lips with the curvy impatient,

"Ald brow with the shade of scorn!"

Twice a cruel fate were the night too late

To undo the work of man!

MY Playmate.

The blossoms dried at our feet;

The cedar birds sing clear,

The sweetest and the saddest day

I could see all the year.

For more to than birds or flowers,

My playmate left her home,

And took with her the laughing spring,

The mist and the bloom;

She kissed the lip of kit and kin,

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 13TH, 1872.

State Seal of Georgia Saved from Desecration.

Ex-Gov. C. J. Jenkins, of Georgia, has addressed quite a long letter to Jas. M. Smith, now Governor of that State.

In his letter Gov. Jenkins reports the manner of his expulsion from office by Gen. Meade and the history of his effort to obtain redress before the Supreme Court of the United States, for wrongs perpetrated upon Georgia, and the disgraceful and shameful manner in which that august tribunal shirked and dodged the question of relief and finally turned both him and his State away without deciding upon the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts of Congress.

We would be pleased to publish the letter entire, as a part of the history of Radical misrule and tyranny, but our space will not allow. We cannot forget, however, giving our readers the conclusion of it, in which the Governor shows how the State seal of Georgia was saved from desecration and pollution by the foul hands of military satraps and carpet-baggers. The State seal of Georgia is, we presume, the only one South that has escaped pollution. Here is the conclusion of Gov. Jenkins's letter.

"When I left the Executive office, took with me the record of warrants drawn upon the treasury, the book of receipts for them, and other papers therewith connected, and the seal of the Executive Department. It was my purpose to retain these things in my own possession, until I should be in the Executive office a rightful incumbent, and then to restore them.

The removal of the books and papers was simply a cautionary measure for my own protection. Not so with the seal. That was a symbol of the Executive authority, and although devoid of intrinsic material value, was, however, a sufficient emblem to make its removal a momentous affair.

Afterwards while I was in Washington, ready to seek the interposition of the Supreme Court, a formal writ of demand was made upon me by Gen. Butler for a return of these articles, with which I declined to comply. The books and papers I herewith transmit to you. Exchequer, that they may resume their place among the archives of the State. With them, I also deliver to you the seal of the Executive Department. I derive high satisfaction from the reflection that it has never been desecrated by the grasp of a military usurper's hand—never been prostituted to authenticate official misdeeds of an usurper's pretender. Upolated as it came to me, I gladly place it in the hands of a worthy son of Georgia—her freed citizen, Executive, and first legitimate successor. After attesting to the facts of your Administration, distinguished both to yourself, and lasting benefits to your confiding constituents, I am,

C. J. JENKINS.

The Criminal Court here has closed. The Grand Jury found we understand 21 indictments, mostly for violation of the Revenue laws, of which parties were in a state measure ignorant, 22 convictions were obtained by the District Attorney.

The case was one ascertained by the jury. The jail was completely cleared with the exception of three just committed by indictments preferred at the present term of the court. One negro was sentenced to the Penitentiary for burglary. His Honor Judge Whitlock in his charge to the Grand Jury stated that he was happy to announce that there was a large and sensible decrease of lawlessness in every county of his circuit so far as yet ascertained by the presence of his court and that morality and a proper regard for the laws of the country had increased to a gratifying degree. A larger number of men than usual have been retained to attend the past week, owing to the fact that several hundred special juries summoned to try three or four cases, which, however, were continued. The Court has adjourned for this term, which is a great convenience to farmers of the county who at this season are usually very busy. His Honor Judge Whitlock presided throughout with dignity and impartiality and carries with him to other appointments the best wishes of all parties in the court, and all of our people with whom he came in contact while here.

Tom Cox makes his bow to the readers of the Gadsden Times in a salutary partaking somewhat of the eccentricities of himself. A portion of his "say" is wise, a portion otherwise. He has our best wishes for success in the profession which he has chosen. It is a pity, however, for those who have once been in the enjoyment of its mysteries and miseries.

Last week we copied a paragraph concerning the rounds of the press, credited to the Selma Times, in which it was stated that Ex-Gov. Smith was then in the State of New York building for himself a fine residence &c. We have no information for the character of the man; but at the same time we would not willingly do him an injustice. We learn from other sources that he is at present in the County of Randolph, one of a company mining for gold there.

E. McClellan, our worthy Tax Collector, has settled in full with the Auditor and Treasurer of the State and with the proper County officials. He assessed, collected and paid into the State and County treasuries \$2,268,000 over and above the assessment made by former Assessor. He was one of the first four Collectors who this year made full settlement with the State. The Auditor says that no other County, save Mobile, has brought up so large an extra assessment and collection as did Calhoun.

These facts do honor to our Collector and we are glad to be able to record them. The fact is Calhoun made good selections all around in the last election.

[Communicated.]

L. W. GRANT,
Editor of the Jacksonville Republican:

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

SIR.—The financial condition of the State of Alabama is such that every taxpayer should be fully informed on the subject, to enable him to act wisely and intelligently in casting his vote.

I present, in as few words as possible, the astounding statement of facts which I have compiled from the last report of the State Auditor and from the very able report, made a few days ago to Congress, by the minority of the Committee on Alleged Outrages in the Southern States, commonly called the Kuklux Committee.

On page 317 the Committee sum up the liabilities of Alabama in the following table:

Present direct indebtedness, \$9,306,967.37
Present contingent liabilities, 15,420,000.00
Future contingent liabilities, 15,200,000.00

All together, \$38,926,967.00.

Herewith I hand you a copy of the Report which will show the above table to be exact, and which I trust you will publish in connection with this paper to enable every one to file it away for future reference.

The State Auditor, in his report made 5th September, 1871, shows the annual interest on the State bonds and trust funds to be as follows:

Interest on State bonds, \$321,106.00
Interest on Trust funds, 223,070.00

Total annual interest, \$54,755.00

Add to this annual interest that which Governor Lindsay is now paying on the fraudulent bonds of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, which is \$557,000, and the taxpayers of this State will have to pay the amount of \$1,081,457.00, one million, eight hundred and forty-five thousand dollars, every year for interest alone.

Then add to this the taxes necessary to carry on the government, and to educate a race of people that steals corn from your horses and mules every night; which is enormous and you will have a burden resting on you that can not be borne.

At present the State is in a state of bankruptcy and starvation will be knocking at your door.

How are these taxes to be paid? Where is the property, from which to raise these heavy taxes? These are questions, that every thoughtful man must review in his mind for correct solution.

To aid you in answering these vexed questions, I beg leave to furnish you with another table of figures taken from the report of the Committee, page 318.

The report of the present Superintendent of the Census shows the following facts:

Assessed valuation of property in Alabama including slaves in 1869, \$162,198,967.37

Assessed value in 1870, \$156,719,387

State taxes 1870 (when you had)

State taxes 1871 (when you had)

State taxes 1871 (properly gone)

State taxes 1871 (properly gone), \$1,477,414

County taxation in 1869, \$269,474

County taxation in 1870, \$1,22,471

By a careful examination of these figures, you will readily see, when the property of the State was over four hundred millions—the State taxes were a fraction over \$500,000, and all county taxes were a little over \$300,000. In 1870 after your property had been reduced, plundered and reduced to a little over one hundred and fifty-six million, the State taxes increased to \$1,477,414, and the county taxes increased \$1,122,471.

With these facts staring the taxpayers full in the face, certain railroad rings, hired counsel and journals are calling on the people to stand firm like beasts of burden and not only hold up and carry this load; but hold themselves in readiness to shoulder liabilities amounting to very near thirty-nine millions.

The increased liabilities have not as yet started on, except by the Democratic party, they have been saddled on them by carpet-baggers and free negroes, calling themselves Republicans, placed in power by Congressional Legislation. It is gratifying to know that the taxpayers of November next, will have a chance to elect a full House of Representatives, and that the new Legislature will select the most honest and upright men to fill these offices, and they will elect the most honest and upright men to represent them in all official stations; who will wipe out all claims obtained by fraud, bribery, and in violation of law and the constitution.

For the purpose of acting in concert and harmonizing on State affairs, I propose the following resolutions for the consideration of all taxpayers—to be adopted as a platform, to go before the people in the coming canvass for State officials.

First. That in the next canvass for State officials, the grave question will be fixed upon the people;—Whether they will avail any bond, corrupt and unlawful claims foisted on the State? Or submit to additional and increased taxation to pay them.

Second. That the people will and do stand on honest, fair and upright investigation into all liabilities of the State, created by mistake and all liabilities found on a fair investigation, to be paid by fraud and corruption and obtained in violation of law; will and must be disavowed and held invalid and not binding.

Third. That the taxpayers of this State are not legally or morally bound to pay either the principal or interest of the two millions of gold bearing interest State bonds, loaned to the Alabama and Chattanooga Rail Road Company. First, because the Act, that loaned said bonds failed to obtain the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of each house of the General Assembly, as required by the 2nd Section of the 4th Article of the Constitution, and it is well known that this act was obtained by fraud and bribery; 3d, because said bonds were fraudulently and illegally issued, and in violation of the law that loaned them.

Fourth. That, retrenchment and reform in all the departments of government and a rigid and strict accountability of all officials must and will be demanded by the people.

I am fully apprised that this platform will not meet the concurrence of the bond holders and their interested friends. They wish to pretermpt or ignore the fraudulent bond question. They say, it contains elements of discord and should not be brought before the Democratic Convention. Why should the Democratic wish to ignore or dodge the question? They are not responsible for these fraudulent bonds. They were foisted on the people by carpet-bag and negro rule and now they are us and we have to carry them or cast them off. To carry them we must submit to increased taxation to do so.

Who is willing to tax the people?

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. C. FRANCIS, Chairman.

L. W. GRANT, Sec'y.

Oxford Chronicle please copy.

Gadsden Times please copy names of Committee in Etowah.

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Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA, ALABAMA.
Jan 6-ly

An editorial on the "Monument" meeting is necessarily laid over until next week.

The uniforms of the Fire Company are nearly done—very handsome.

The musical instruments ordered by the Brass Band have arrived. They will play publicly in about six weeks—teuton.

Maj. W. H. de Rochemont gives notice that he has the books, notes and accounts of S. & T. J. Morgan. Those interested had best call on him.

Mr. F. A. Turner killed in Mr. Lucy's millpond, the 5th inst., a Grey Eagle which measured five feet nine inches from tip to tip of its wings. Its talons were found clotted with pigment.

Attention is directed to the new advertisement of Patten & Payne, Chattanooga Tenn. We enjoy the acquaintance of these young men and cheerfully recommend them to the readers of the Republican.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Fenimore Cooper's Leather Stocking Novels with entirely new illustrations by Dorley, now being published by D Appleton & Co., New York. The great reputation of Cooper as well as the popularity of the publishers will insure for this series a large sale.

Drop Plowing the thing.—J. D. Privett Esq., a believer in deep plowing and one of the proprietors of the celebrated L. E. Burdin's celebrated soil pulverizing plow, has shown us Luverne something over two feet in length, grown by him this year. This we guess, beats anything in the clover or grass line of the season.

Personal.—Among the lawyers in attendance upon our Court, from a distance, we had the pleasure of meeting Hon. T. B. Cooper and Hon. Jas. A. Reeves, of Centre; Col. James Aiken and Benj. F. Pope, of Gadsden; Maj. de Rochemont, of Oxford, and Hon. Jas. T. Heflin, of Selma. We also had the pleasure of meeting, in the Republican office, Mr. Mattison who represents the Selma Argus, as also Maj. B. F. Jones, of Rome, Ga.

Peter Hinds is again in our midst. He comes with the early flowers and the spring, as beautiful as the one and as joyous as the other. Seriously, we are glad he is here. He is the very man who can get up the base of the Monument in magnificent style out of the fine Egyptian Marble a few miles above here, and he might be put to work quarrying it as soon as the success of the scheme is assured.

The crowd of manuscript matter for the inside press us under the necessity of laying over our entire local correspondence until next week. After next week we will be so situated both as to the arrangement of matter in the paper, and in our working force as to never have to lay them over an issue.

We direct attention to the law card of Messrs de Rochemont & Savage, of Oxford. Mr. de Rochemont is a gentleman of good address and education and described by those for whom he has done business at Oxford as industrious and indefatigable. He is a graduate of a first class law school if we mistake not. If the Savage of the firm is Capt. James Savage, he is well and favorably known to everybody in Calhoun. It will be noticed that the firm propose the collection of cotton claims, and it now looks as if the law on that subject would pass Congress.

See in another column advertisement of H. A. Smith, Bookseller and Stationer, Rome, Ga. It affords us pleasure to say that Mr. S. has been long and favorably known to most of our readers, and has transacted business with them. We feel well assured that our friends could not have orders filled or make purchases when in Rome, on better terms than with him.

The Montgomery Advance speaking of our fire company says:

Every one of them are good fellows and we hope to see this Company from the Banner county of Alabama, in Montgomery, the guests of some of our noble fire Companies. Our hats off to you one and all, gentlemen."

The editor of the Germantown Telegraph says he often saw the present General Hancock barefooted, playing marbles on the sidewalks of Norristown.

Gen. Hancock has been spoken of as a candidate for President. This will recommend him to our Gadsden neighbors.

There is nothing so curious about the "headless rooster" after all. We know some editors with nothing but the "seat of life" left, who eat regularly and crow once a week still—the editor of the Atlanta UNION, for instance.

We present to our readers this week an advertisement of the extensive Tanner and Harness and Saddle Manufactory of Capt. Floyd Bush and W. D. Bush, his son. Each of these gentlemen are deserving of the highest measure of success and will no doubt reach it. Bush's leather has begun to be looked upon as the best made in Alabama and will very soon quote up with the French and other brands. They turn out saddles and bridles as good in appearance and better in make than can be had from the Northern Manufacturers. We bespeak for them a liberal patronage from the people of Calhoun.

JOHN R. GRAHAM, the long established, well known, reliable and liberal merchant of Ladiga, Ala. gives notice in our advertising columns to-day, that he has received a fine and varied stock of Spring and Summer Goods. His long experience gives assurance that his stock has been well selected and purchased on favorable terms, and his uniform fair and liberal dealing, that he will sell to patrons on terms as low as practicable.

The headless rooster has been around this way. We looked well and could see no deception. This was the result of an experiment by Dr. J. I. Dailey, a Dental Surgeon, of Wetumpka, Ala., whose proper residence is in San Marcos, Texas. He experimented on two chickens, the hemorrhage killing the first one. In the second experiment he was more careful and succeeded in leaving a living body attached to an almost headless neck, only a very small portion of the brain and the "seat of life" and the lower portion of the bill and tongue remaining. Altogether it is quite a curiosity; but it was undoubtedly a cruel experiment by which the result was attained, only excusable in the light of science.

J. T. McDonald & Co. Clerks, MONTGOMERY, ALA.—We call special attention to the renewed advertisement of this excellent and well known firm, who have recently received a fine and extensive stock of Spring & Summer Clothing. We would advise our friends in this up country, who may be in attendance on the Supreme Court or other business, to call at this establishment, and select to suit themselves, out of their extensive, beautiful and fashionable stock. They will find proprietors and clerks, polite, friendly and fair in their dealings; and superior articles offered at low prices. We have been through and made purchases from their extensive stock, and therefore know whereof we speak.

We take particular pleasure in laying before our readers this week the advertisement of the Central City Insurance Company. We have before urged upon our citizens the peculiar claims of this company to the countenance and patronage of Jacksonville and the county surrounding; and we again remind them that the Central City, and officers connected with it, have done more for Jacksonville and given more repeated assurances of friendship than any other firm or men outside of the town, excepting it may be the Selma Saving Bank, of Selma, an institution that has been ever ready to help forward the prosperity and improvements of the town by liberal loan of its capital and influence with monied men. We owe the Selma Savings Bank as well as the Central City Insurance Company, all the influence and patronage we can command in their favor, and our people being generous will be sure to extend both.

For some days Messrs Privett and Renfrew have had on exhibition the L. E. Burdin's soil pulverizing plow, and farmers who have seen it work pronounced it to be the best thing of the kind yet invented. Its great cheapness brings it within the reach of all, which is another recommendation of the National Convention. The World says Belmont's proscriptation will receive the approval of Democratic leaders, and adds, "the delay seems to have been occasioned with a view to take advantage of the Cincinnati Convention, the result of which may determine as to the time of holding the Democratic National Convention."

The sign of a pork-butcher in a French provincial city reads, "Fatta, Jun., slaughter-hogs like his father,"

A Michigan census-taker came across a man who had been married five years, but had never injured his wife's Christian name. He always called her "Sally!"

A young physician remark that a small blow on the back was a rustic excuse—"Well I damn about that, I've blown my nose a number of times and never broke it yet."

A Journal asks what is the difference between a soldier and a fashionable young lady? and replies: One faces the powder, and the other powders the face.

It was a brilliant boy who, seeing a dog with a muzzle on for the first time, exclaimed—"He then froze stiff as marble."

In the summer of 1860 some physicians found him, after having lain frozen for one hundred and fifteen years. They gradually thawed him, and upon animation being restored, he concluded his sentence with—"deadly cold."

The Supreme Court to day decided in favor of Judge Fisher in the Bradley case, was expelled from Judge Fisher's court at the close

of the Surrat trial some years ago. Senate—The bill for bridging the Missouri at Bonnville passed. Several private bills for property taken during the war were passed, including that of Mrs. Martha House, of Russell, Tennessee, and J. Milton Best of Kentucky; also Horace Tyler, of New Orleans \$40,000 for work done at the mouth of the Mississippi, and a bill paying the heirs of John Minor, both nearly two thousand dollars passed. The bill against straw bids for mail contracts passed.

Also a bill for relieving the citizens of Loudon county, Virginia, for cattle taken; also for relieving Powell & Dickerson, of Knoxville, paying them \$64,000. The bill for the relief of Joseph Segar was postponed.

House—A resolution directing the Committee on Banking and currency to investigate the charges against the National Banks, of a conspiracy to lock up the currency, with power to send for persons and papers, passed.

Appropriations were resumed. Adjourned.

The Committee having charge of the memorial services in honor to Professor Morse, to be held in the House of Representatives on Tuesday evening, the 16th inst., held a full meeting to-day and reported a near completion of all the arrangements which will make the event of great interest. Leading members of both Houses of Congress will deliver short addresses, and Oliver Wendell Holmes will probably read a poem written expressly for the occasion.

Letters have been addressed to the mayor's of cities requesting them to call a meeting on the same night, and the plan being perfected, held a similar meeting throughout the world, and communicate by telegraph with the meeting here.

The widow and family of the late Professor Morse have been invited to be present on the occasion, and become the guests of the nation.

Rev. Dr. Adams has been invited to open the proceedings by prayer. Admission to the building to be early only.

A dispatch was recently sent from this city stating that Senator Trumbull had declared that he would not be a candidate before the Cincinnati Convention, and that he believed that Judge Davis would be the strongest candidate that could be named.

Lieutenant-Governor Kenor, of Illinois, seeing this disputed, wrote to the Senator asking him whether it was by his authority.

Senator Trumbull replied in a dispatch to Gov. Kenor, saying "there is no foundation for the dispatch to which you refer."

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleston, April 8.—The Ku Klux trial will be resumed here tomorrow before the United States Court, Judge Bond presiding. A very large number of prisoners and the witnesses in these cases have been brought here from interior counties and will remain in military custody.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 8.—House, of Virginia, introduced a bill refunding, to postmasters of the South, stamps and other property taken from them or destroyed during the rebellion. Referred.

Filibustering over civil rights, and as usual comes up on a square vote for the third reading, which may be regarded as a test vote. Result: ayes 100, nays 77. A motion is now pending to table the bill at the expiration of the morning hour.

NEW YORK.

New York, April 9.—A meeting of the Democratic National Committee was called Wednesday, the 8th of May, at the residence of August Belmont, in this city, to designate the time and place for the National Convention. The World says Belmont's proscriptation will receive the approval of Democratic leaders, and adds, "the delay seems to have been occasioned with a view to take advantage of the Cincinnati Convention, the result of which may determine as to the time of holding the Democratic National Convention."

The Tribune says that Fenton will address the Liberal Republicans at Cooper's Institute next Friday, and that Schurz will address the German citizens at the same place on Wednesday.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 9.—The State department received advice that the Madrid government will meet here about 25th of this month to adopt means to secure an immediate and thorough organization of the Democratic party for the Presidential campaign.

Lakawana has been ordered to Hong Kong.

Judge Lorraine, of Georgia, passed here to-day, en route for New York.

The Supreme Court to day decided in favor of Judge Fisher in the Bradley case, was expelled from Judge Fisher's court at the close

of reference to the depot of the Pennsylvania Central Road being in the heart of the city.

Considering details for a uniform tobacco tax.

Buy Lost—The Owner of \$17,000 Wanted.

[From the Boston Times.]

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NOTICE.

The Books, Notes and accounts of S. & T. J. Morgan having been put in my hands for collection. Notice is hereby given to those indebted to said firm to come forward and adjust their accounts. Those who promptly respond can make arrangements for further indulgence. W. H. DE ROCHEMONT, Attorney.

April 13—t.

BUSH'S TANNERY.

All persons who want

FINE LEATHER,

BRIDLES, SADDLES & HARNESS

Would do well to call at

BUSH'S TANNERY.

Repairing done at quick notice and on Moderate terms.

We are in want of good

BEEF HIDES,

For which the highest market price will be paid.

W. F. BUSH & SON.

April 13 1872—6.

Savage & de Rochemont.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY & COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court.

Collections made before the United States Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.</p

Jacksonville Republican.
PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATUR-
DAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Annual in advance, \$2.00
Paid in advance, \$3.00
TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, \$1.00
Subsequent insertion, 50¢
One square counted as two, &c.
Quarries charged at advertising rates.
Notice of publication, 50¢
Announcement of Candidates, 50¢
County Office, \$6.00
State Office, \$10.00

Jacksonville

Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., APRIL 20, 1872.

WHOLE NO 1827

Rates of Advertising, For three, six, or twelve Months		
One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	\$6.00
" "	" "	1.50
One fourth column,	3 "	10.00
" "	" "	15.00
One half column,	3 "	25.00
" "	" "	35.00
One column,	3 "	40.00
" "	" "	60.00
" "	" "	100.00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN'

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery.

No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville.

WILL practice in all the Courts of

Law and Equity in the counties of

St. Clair, Etowah, St. Clair, Etowah

Cherokee, and the Supreme court of

the State.

May 20—1871.

WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Cal-

houn, Talladega, Randolph,

St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb, and the Supreme

Court of the State.

Feb. 23d, 1865.

G. TURNLEY.

J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of

Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph,

St. Clair, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair, and

in the Supreme Court of the U. S. District Court,

and in the Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

Feb. 6, 1866.

J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLISS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

TAVING associated themselves in the

practice of Law, will practice to-
gether, except in CRIMINAL cases, in the

Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair,

Cherokee and DeKalb.

Feb. 6, 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the State Courts;

also the Federal Courts at Mont-

gomery; buy sell and rent real estate.

April 13 1872 ly.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

COLLECTORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, QUEB.

WILL practice in all the courts of the

State also in the Supreme court,

Courts made before the United States

Court of Claims, also general land and

sea Agents.

April 13 1872 ly.

R. W. W. HARRISON,

Attorney permanently located in Alex-

andria, offers his professional services

He can be found in his office in Green &

Street during the day, and at the

residence of Jas. A. Gladwin at night,

Miss professionally absent.

March 1872—9m.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

(At Steamboat Landing.)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splen-

didly packed and forwarded same day

its arrival, at reduced rates of freight

Sept. 23, 1871—1y.

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between

Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

We are in want of good

BEEF HIDES,

For which the highest market price will

be paid.

W. F. BUSH & SON.

April 13 1872—6t.

BUSH'S TANNERY.

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W. F. BUSH & SON.

Feb 24 1872—1y.

Yo'ld of the Greenville Al-

abama is in mourning. He tried

roller-skating.

Montgomery Advance.

of all

the world.

Several re-

sults, so short-

ly satisfied,

Truly, like a

lodge, but with

dislike, with

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, 1872.

The Monument.

There is already made up about Jacksonville two thousand dollars for the monument to the Confederate Dead of Calhoun county. A gentleman from a distance will soon visit this place to contract for the erection of the same. What is done by the committees, whose names we print again this week, should be done speedily. We intended last week to write an article on the subject; but on reflection have concluded that the people need no urging on that head and that, indeed, too much concern manifested through the REPUBLICANS would be improper, as it might convey an impression to the world outside the county, that our people were slow to respond to the suggestion to raise this shaft in memory of our gallant and beloved dead. It seems that it is a work that the ladies could engage in with great propriety, and we shall look for them soon to take the matter in hand all over the county and put it through. The business and perplexities of the world distract the attention of men from such enterprises, and it is usually left for the women to cherish and carry them to successful completion.

A prominent Republican (prominent because he is about the only one in the county) says that there is to be no delegates to the Cincinnati Convention from Ala. They are all tied to Grant in this State and the Spencer disturbance was but child's play, the affair of a moment. When asked who was the most prominent Republican in Alabama, he said he did not know. A friend sitting by remarked that "there was so much brains in the party it was hard to decide"; but we are of the opinion that they are all so much of a *color* that it is hard to tell them apart. Alex White will not get anything more than Lieutenant Governor, according to our Radical. "He could have had more than that if he had remained with the Democrats," remarked we, "and his conscience would have been much easier," we might have added.

Moseley is talking about the building of a narrow gauge railway from Talladega to Montgomery. Wm Hollingsworth and Tom Cox of Gadsden are the men who have that road chartered, and Talladega had better buy them out before she owns us up—they hold the destiny of the road in the hollow of their hands.

Some "partial but unknown friend" has mentioned Figures, of the Huntsville *Advocate*, in connection with some office on the State ticket, whereupon Figures calculates the qualifications of a good officer, one of whom he would make which.

The recent Shock Water Navigation Company of Gaelsden anticipate active operation this summer. The great Ship Canal River has made overtures to them, we understand; but as they are independent in the matter of capital they have so far kept clear of all entangling alliances.

The Huntsville *Advocate* says: "the Sheltons (strong Democrats), in Blount county, won't allow any epithets used against Republicans in their presence." Gentlemen ought to express their sentiments when they feel like doing so, and when one of the "Sheltons (strong Democrats)" interfere, they (the S.) ought to be—well we won't advise violence. Usually it is about as much as every family can do to take care of itself; but the "Sheltons (strong Democrats)" it seems is an exception to the rule.

In our hurried mention of our trip to Gadsden we omitted a new and very important industry of that thriving town. We allude to the extensive Bakery of Capt. Bennett, a man who never does things by halves. He has as fine an establishment of the kind as any in Alabama. His bread is imported and unearths his business. In a very short time he will engage in the manufacture of cans of all grades from the common "stick" to the finest fancy candies—all, however, out of the purest sugars. He says he can sell with any other market. If so, we predict that hereafter the good people of Jacksonville will consume no other candies but Bennett's and that the children will cry after it constantly. We will soon have some samples that we will present to our dealers.

We invite attention to a communication in another column, in relation to the decoration of the graves of our dead. We think it eminently proper, and there can be no rational objection to the day chosen (Sunday), for it is not a holy work—one calculated to bring out the better feelings? Let a committee of ladies take the affair in hand, and next Saturday we will be able to announce positively whether it will take place or not.

As the canvas is approaching we deem it not inappropriate to say that we consider the REPUBLICAN under no special obligation to print communications in favor of any particular men for office; and that, as in the last canvas, we shall charge our advertising rates for all such. "Many voters," "Vox Populi" and others can propose as many candidates as they please with this understanding. The press generally have found it necessary to adopt this rule.

Ex-Presidents who have Held Office after Retirement.

There is again talk that ex-President ANDREW JOHNSON will be elected to the next Congress from one of the East Tennessee districts. He is in the prime of life—it is too ambitious in character and aggressive in disposition, has not old constituents who he wishes to identify—so permit him to remain permanently out of public life. The statement which has been made, that no other President ever took any other position after retiring from the Presidency, is a gross error.

GEORGE WASHINGTON accepted the place of General of the United States Armies, in view of a war with France, then extorted, and occupied it at the time of his death.

JOHN ADAMS, our second President, was in 1820, at the advanced age of 53 years, elected a member of the Convention, which was held in Massachusetts to revise the Constitution of that State. He was chosen its president, but resigned the honor.

JAMES MADISON, our fourth President, after twelve years' disaffection from the Presidential chair, was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention in Virginia, which was held at Richmond in 1829. It is said that when he rose, after long silence, to deliver a few words, the members left their seats and crowded around the venerable octogenarian—dressed black, with lachrymous gray hair still powdered as in former times—to catch the low whisper of

his voice.

Our fifth President—the last of old Revolutionary line—JAMES MONROE, after he left the Presidential chair in 1825, accepted the humble office of Justice of the Peace, and sat as such in the County Court. Like his venerable predecessor, Mr. MADISON, he also was a member and served in the famous Virginia Constitutional Convention of 1829.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, our sixth President, ceased to be such on the 4th of March, 1829, two years after he was elected to the House of Representatives from the Quincy District, Massachusetts, and continued to serve by successive elections until February, 1845—a period of seventeen years—when he was stricken down by a fatal attack of paralysis while in his seat in the House.

The eighth President, MARTIN VAN BUREN, was a presidential candidate eight years after his retirement from office, running with CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS as Vice-President.

JOHN TYLER, the tenth President, was a member of the celebrated Peace Conference from the different States, which met in Washington, in the winter of 1861, to see if no compromise of the existing difficulties—which eventually led to war—could be effected.

The thirteenth President, WILLIAM PITTMORE, was also a Presidential candidate in 1868, four years after he had left the Presidential Chair.

Thus it will be seen we have proved that the idea that all our ex-Presidents have gone into absolute retirement, and ceased to take part in public affairs is not true. Andrew Johnson, if he continues to wear out, he may have many precedents to sustain him.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

The *Enquirer* might have mentioned another "follow," which, it is said, JOHN TYLER filled honorably after his retirement from the White House, equally if not more humble than the one held by JAS. MONROE.

The local authorities in Virginia, (political enemies no doubt,) to humiliate him, made him an overseer of roads. He readily undertook the discharge of his public duty, and made the best road overseer that part of Virginia ever had before or has had since. He worked them twelve days, against every remonstrance, and left the roads in such excellent condition that no further work was necessary for years.

Governor Vance on Independent Candidates, Hogs, Old Whigs, Radicals, &c.

The following is a passage from a speech of Gov. Vance at Statesville, N.C. a few days ago:

public plunderers to high positions in the government, that made no Littlefields, the guardians of their State bonds; they had no Sam, Watts nor Jaybird Jones on the bench. They associated politically with no Cuffy, May-Dewees, A. J. Jones, Windy Billys, and Jordan Ubahers. [Applause].

The profane use of the name of Whig reminds me of a circumstance that happened once in my law office. A fellow came in one day, and taking a seat, with a sheepish countenance, said "Governor, me and another gentleman has got into a little scrape, and I want you to help me out of it. It is not a sort of a scrape," said I. "Well, what kind of a scrape?" said I. "Well," said he again, "it's a matter concerning hogs." [Laughter.] "Well," said he, "I believe he accuses me of stealing one of 'em." [Great laughter.] He didn't want to call it by its right name. Now if any you want to go over to get your share of this plunder that's going round, don't put it on "old Whiggy."

[Great laughter.] Don't call it "a matter of hogs," but come out openly, and call it by its true name—a matter of *stealing*. [Continued laughter and applause.]

I am sure you will find a great similarity between the docthees of the old Whig party and Radicals. There was never a greater mistake.—There is no Whigging in any of these violations of the Constitution and outrages upon civil liberty that I have mentioned. Darkness is not more widely separated from darkness than are the principles which distinguished these two parties. Just imagine, if you can Henry Clay walking in the same bed with Holden, the Bow Cully Mayo, and Windy Billy Henderson, and Daniel Webster sitting them down. [Upturning laughing.] I repeat, if you have any inkling for the fleshpots, keep your eye open for them, and if you have any inkling for the fleshpots, keep your eye open for them.

Look also at the political persecution

which they are subjecting our people in the Federal courts under this infamous unconstitutional klux act. I have heard it stated that there were 3,000 defendants indicted who were tried at Raleigh, just before a packed jury of Radicals, as others have said, so none of whom is charged with taking life or for any other offense which would amount to more in our State courts than assault and battery or a forcible trespass. I have seen five or six hundred passing through Charlotte at one time, of men, women, and children, going two hundred and fifty miles from home to attend court, save with their relatives, tried out in rags, leaving their farms to neglect and ruin, with little or no money, and compelled for want of means to camp out in crowds without a shelter over their heads, for weeks at a time. How such sights do fill me with love and admiration for the Government. The object of this is not an example enough. One of them is now engaged in the trial of the colored for the African Slave, and will probably be condemned to death.

The British and American gentlemen

connected with the Tribunal of Arbitration have arrived in Geneva and the presentation of counter cases will take place

tomorrow morning.

General uprising of Radicals in Madrid, Spain.

Sixty buildings burned in Tifin, Ohio. Reports are coming in from London that the English are growing out of the recent diplomatic negotiations between France and Germany. The relations between the two countries are said to be again in so grieved a condition that grave complications may be apprehended.

Supreme Court decided that the jury summoned by the U. S. Marshall to try Mormons was not a lawful jury. This put a new feature on the Mormon question.

Congress.—In the House nothing introduced affecting the South, except the civil rights bill filibustered over. Next Monday will see up another day to-morrow when the Imperial forces of Great Britain shall be convened until the end of Congress. Committee have agreed to abolish stamp tax on matches.

Boston fanatics held a meeting to run their Christianity into everything National.

In the colored convention at New Orleans to-day, the platform of resolutions were adopted. The preamble regrets the necessity which called into existence a colored convention, and is grateful for past triumph in behalf of equal rights, and submits resolutions to the American people. The first gives thanks for emancipation, and citizenry, and for colored men without regard to race or color in making appointments; the fourth prays that colored Republicans of the States where there are no federal positions given to colored men may no longer be ignored; the fifth acknowledges the overwhelming indebtedness to services to the Union; the sixth passes the action of Vice President Colfax in delivering the casting vote in favor of the supplemental civil rights bill; seventh appeals for protection to civil rights in foreign lands; eighth condemns Radicals who voted against the civil rights bill, and pledges that they will vote successors to them whenever they have power.

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Now I want to tell you some of the symptoms of a fellow when he begins to turn over. He first begins to talk about being "independent." [Laughter.] He is not tied down to any party, and will vote for who he thinks best, &c. According to the diagnosis of the most skillful political doctors, this symptom means the same thing as the sheriff does says when he leads a horse out to the block and cries out, "I am a free man." [Laughter.] When this comes on strong you may appoint the funeral.

Horace Greeley elected President of the Liberal Republican Club in New York. The *World* in speaking of the Liberal Republican meeting of New York last evening says:

It is now evident that the Cincinnati Convention will nominate a ticket and that some great blunder is perpetrated in the selection of a candidate that ticket will unite all elements of opposition. The Democracy will not put obstructions in the way of a movement which stands on so strong a basis; but it must nevertheless reserve final judgment until the present hopeful anticipations ripen into established facts.

The Tribune in noticing the meeting of the Cooper Institute says: The crowd outside the Institute utterly unable to gain admittance, but unwilling to leave, made the square ring with that old-time chorus of the nation in its time of peril and heroic effort, "John Brown's body lies mouldering in the

ground." The crowd inside filled every seat, and packed every aisle, and overflowed the platform, so the orator had scarcely room to move from one side of the narrow writing desk to the other. Crowd jostled the great speaker behind, till ingress and egress were alike impossible, with an audience back of the speakers far larger than the average lecturer is able to get in front of him.

Congress on the tariff, "nothing more." General Sheridan, the Virginia barn burner, has arrested several of the soldiers of President Juarez, of Mexico, who had crossed over to the Texas side. He has released the privates on parole and holds the officers in San Antonio.

An earthquake has been felt at Meridian, Mississippi which lasted half a minute. It knocked down plastering and broke glass. It passed on taking in York, Alabama, and Enterprise, Mississippi.

The Charlotte, (N.C.) *Despatch* contains the following account of a military outrage in South Carolina:

The latter part of last week a squad of Federal cavalry shot and killed a poor negro boy by the name of Paris, while fishing in a boat, on Broad river in York district. The soldiers allege that they shot only to terrorize him.

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MONTGOMERY, ALA, April 8th.

To the Democratic and Conservative Party of the State:

Many inquiries having been made as to the time when the State Convention of the Democratic and Conservative party would be held, we deem it proper to state, for public information, what the action of the Executive Committee of the party was, upon that subject, at its last meeting, which was held in the city of Montgomery, on the 12th day of December last. At that meeting the following resolution was adopted:

Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
ELMA, ALABAMA.

Jan 6-ly
Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST

Bisc: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice
rooms
one for
operative
and the other for
Dentist.
A fine Silk
P. Lush and
bottom Operating chair. Just re-
ceived a new supply of Dental instruments
and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth
solutions, Tooth soap, etc., etc. All
necessary to the very best for you can
be had at little money as possible.
April 20th, 1872.—ff.

More street lamps going up.

Reading matter on every page of the paper.

Major Benj. Wyly has the biggest, but
the same time the "no contest" in town.

Dave Privitt and Muir Renfro have
done out among the farmers in a two
horse wagon, to sell their subsoil plow.

The half grown trees planted by the
municipal in February, about the square,
are every one of them living.

Messrs. John M. Wyly and Thomas
McDaniels are with us this week, both
looking well, as they always do.

We have introduced a new feature
this week which we shall keep up; that
is to make up a "resume" of the im-
portant telegraphic news of the week.

The next great undertaking that will
receive the attention of Jacksonville
will be to bring the water from Schenck's
Spring, into town, through
circular pipes.

DRAPER & JOHNSON call the
attention of farmers to a lot of "Warren's
agent Hoe." It is the best implement
for both garden and field work.
Call and see them, and purchase some
of their New Orleans Syrup.

Davissville and Piney Woods Locals
have been mislaid, and after diligent
search cannot be found. Will "Miss
Jane" and the Davissville gen'ls write us
again?

Attention is invited to the new adver-
tisement of Dr. C. C. Porter. He has
just received a new lot of things in his
store. He is too well known as an excel-
lent Dentist to need a word from us on
that head.

Since chickens have got to walking
about regardless of the fact whether
they have been beheaded or not, nothing
that that interesting fowl does is calculated
to surprise us. Tuesday people
hurried to see a little negro running
across the square, crying, closely pur-
sued by a game rooster. This rooster
chases himself by chasing little darkies
wherever he finds them.

We return thanks to Mr. William J.
Wyly, Jr., for complimentary ticket and
invitation to A. & M. Fair, to be held
in Selma May 1, 2, 3 & 4. Many will
no doubt go down from this section.

Attention is invited to the advertise-
ment of the *Universalist Herald*. Those
who believe in the comfortable doctrine
of Mr. Burress will doubtless find it a
good paper. It was once easier to be a
Universalist than now. That was before
the days of Radicalism.

A gentleman who describes Jackson-
ville as the most beautiful place in Al-
abama, and Calhoun College as an orna-
ment to the town, says that we ought
by all means to improve the grounds of
the College next to the railroad—that
the bare unsightly hill side impresses
strangers passing along the road unfavor-
ably. Let me have shade trees
planted and some grading done.

The Ladies of Jacksonville
Will be glad to know that Jacob Rosen-
berg has in stock a lot of Goods which
every body says

ARE THE PRETTIEST

and most stylish in town in fact we
might say

IN THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

He hopes the ladies will call and see
them as early as

THEY CAN

and he boldly announces that he wishes
he may never make the

SCRATCH

of a pen again, or ever eat another

BITE

of bread, if he does not sell them great
bargains;

AND

he is so positive of this that he would
even go so far as to

FIGHT

anybody who might dispute his word.

Call one, call all.

We this week complete the story of
Amata. The young lady who has trans-
lated it deserves the highest credit, both
for her industry and the satisfactory
manner in which she has rendered her
author. We cannot tell who she is, but
we will say that she is a young lady of
more than ordinary intellect, education,
refinement, and about—well this mat-
ter of age is a delicate thing, not
above sixteen or seventeen.

Incidencies have been at work in
Selma. The fine residence of Dr. John
Hardee was totally destroyed during
the night of the 17 instant.

It is about time (is it not?) for our
people to begin to "fix up" for our Sum-
mer visitors. Let us give up to them
our most comfortable and airy rooms; lay
in for them all imaginable kinds of good
things to eat; project for them pleasant
parties and excursions; in short "spread"
ourselves out and all to make them most
happy and contented.

And to you, gentlemen, who, with your
families, design to tabernacle with us
in the way of natural advantages a most
delightful and healthy climate, a four
kinds of water, fine scenery, good and
pleasant society, a cordial and friendly
greeting, and among the minor considera-
tions cheap board and capital fare.

You will be as welcome as the swallows.

(Communicated.)

Mr. GRANT:
We propose to the citizens of
Jacksonville and its vicinity, that, on Sun-
day week, 25th inst., we repair to our Grave-
yard for the purpose of decorating with
flowers the graves of our departed friends.

This beautiful and appropriate custom of
decorating the graves of the dead, we think,
should be observed in every community.
We hold it a sacred duty; it is all we can
bestow upon our beloved dead; and, while
it affords lessons of solemn instruction to
the mind, it imparts an effect that is truly
grateful and consoling to the bereaved heart.

It needs not, we know, persuasive words
to induce a hearty response to this call; for
we have not all some dear one in this "City
of the Dead"? We hope that those whose
relatives are no longer in our midst, and
also those of the Confederate soldiers that
yet remain to honor our grave-yard, may
not be forgotten. An address upon this
most interesting occasion will not only be
very appropriate, but will be, we feel confident
in saying, truly acceptable to all present.

We suggest $\frac{1}{2}$ hour of 3 p. m. as a suitable
time for gat-

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.
We learn that a movement is on foot
among some of our citizens to organize
a Good Templars Lodge in Alexandria.
This is a good start and by all means
let it be done.

We have had the pleasure this week
of welcoming home our townsmen Capt.
Lederer, who has been absent in New
York some weeks selecting a Spring
stock.

SABBATH SCHOOL.—The Methodist
Sabbath School has been reopened and
the attendance is large. They also have
prayer-meeting once a week. We hope to
be able to record the organization of
the Baptist School at an early day.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Messrs. Green &
Lederer are making their store room
look very handsome with a new stock of
goods fresh from the Eastern markets.

The bridge near the spring, on the
street leading South, is, at present, in a
very bad condition. We mention this
thinking perhaps the overseer on that
portion of the road did not know it.

LOX—We have heard several of our
friends speak of the intended monument
to be erected in your town. They all
compliment the gentlemen who have under-
taken such a noble work, and express
a readiness to respond freely both with
pursue and influence.

CLOVERDALE LOCALS.
Dear Sir:—Thinking you would
like to hear from this part of the world,
I will write you what little I know about
farmers, their crops, the schools, &c., &c.

Farmers, as a general rule, are more
or less disheartened on account of so
much rain. Few, if any, have made
any preparation for planting, the ground
being too wet.

Grain of all kind, is very scarce.
Many have to buy corn from the mer-
chants at Oxford and other places.

Cotton seed is in great demand. It
ranges from 25 cents to a dollar per
bushel and is scarce at that.

Clever is doing very well. It is up,
and, from all I can learn from those who
understand raising it, bids fair for a good
crop. Many of our farmers have planted
it this season, and I venture to say
that it will be hard for you to find a
farmer that will not plant it in a year
from now. They all believe it to be a
good thing.

Bees do well here. Several farmers
about here have a great many of them.
Their hives are covered with liveness.

Jossey Springs can now boast of a fine
school of ten or twelve boys and as
many of the other kind. They are fine,
but, healthy looking chaps, and as
if they could make bread and meat fly
as fast as any set of children you ever
met with.

CAVE CREEK LOCALS.

We have nothing interesting to con-
tribute to the local column, more than
the rest of this investigation. It is
happily for us that he has at last discov-
ered "Woman's Best Friend."

It is adapted, especially, to those cases where
the womb is disordered, and will cure
any irregularity of the "menses." Dr. J.
Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a
charm in "whites," or in a sudden check
of the "monthly courses" from cold
of mind, or like causes, by res-
toring the discharge in every instance.

So also in chronic cases of "white."
It is a smooth and warm Ceiling and Wall, and is a perfect substitute for Lath
and Plaster, and can be painted. Painted on Whitewashed if desired.

It is cheap. Costs less than half as much as plaster. It can be easily and quickly
applied by any one. It saves all the annoyances, dirt, and delay of plastering.

It makes a perfectly smooth, warm, and durable wall. In case of accident, it can
be easily and quickly repaired. It is not affected by dampness in the atmosphere.

For that portion of Cleburne County
formerly Calhoun.—Wilson, P. Howell,
Bartlett, Owen, J. C. Barker, J. W.
Wigginton, Wm. McMahen, N. J.
Ross, Wm. Henry, W. P. Evans, Jno.
D. Walker, A. P. Carruth.

For that portion of Etowah County
formerly Calhoun.—I. P. Morgan, Gid.
Coats, Wm. O. Wharton, Boni Hodges
Edward Keeling, Ben. L. Archier.

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JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, 1872.

The Monument.

There is already made up about Jacksonville two thousand dollars for the monument to the Confederate Dead of Calhoun county. A gentleman from a distance will soon visit this place to contract for the erection of the same. What is done by the committee, whose names we print again this week, should be done speedily. We intended last week to write an article on the subject; but on reflection have concluded that the people need no urging on that head and that, indeed, too much concern manifested through the REPUBLICAN would be improper, as it might convey an impression to the world outside the country, that our people were slow to respond to the suggestion to raise this shaft in memory of our gallant and beloved dead. It seems that it is a work that the ladies could engage in with great propriety, and we shall look for them soon to take the matter in hand all over the county and put it through. The business and perplexities of the world distract the attention of men from such enterprises, and it is usually left for the women to cherish and carry them to successful completion.

A prominent Republican (prominent because he is about the only one in the county) says that there is to be no delegates to the Cincinnati Convention from Ala. They are all tied to Grant this State and the Spencerian disturbance was but child's play, the affair of a moment. When asked who was the most prominent Republican in Alabama, he said he did not know. A friend sitting by remarked that there "was so much brains in the party it was hard to decide"; but we are of the opinion that they are all so much of a color that it is hard to tell them apart. Alex. White will not get anything more than Lieut Governor according to our Radical. "He could have had more than that if he had remained with the Democrats," remarked we, "and his conscience would have been so much easier," we might have added.

Mosley is talking about the building of a narrow gauge railway from Talladega to Montgomery. Wm Hollingsworth and Tom Cox of Gadsden are the men who have that road chartered, and Talladega had better buy them out before she crores much—they hold the destiny of the road in the hollow of their hands.

Some "partial (but unknown) friend" has mentioned Pictures of the Huntsville Advocate, in connection with some office on the State ticket, whereupon Figures calculates the qualifications of a good officer, one of whom he would make which.

The great Slack Water Navigation Company of Gadsden anticipate active operations this summer. The great Ship Canal River has made overtures to them, we understand; but as they are independent in the matter of capital they have so far kept clear of all entangling alliances.

The Huntsville Advocate says: "the Sheltors (strong Democrats), in Blount county, won't allow any epithets used against Republicans in their presence." Gentlemen ought to express their sentiments when they feel like doing so, and when one of the "Sheltors (strong Democrats)" interjects, they (the S.) ought to be—well we won't advise violence. Usually it is about as much as every family can do to take care of itself; but the "Sheltors (strong Democrats)" it seems is an exception to the rule.

In our hurried mention of our trip to Gadsden we omitted a new and very important industry of that thriving town. We allude to the extensive Bakery of Capt. Bennett, a man who never does things by halves. He has as fine an establishment of the kind as any in Alabama. His head cook is imported and understands his business. In every short time he will emerge in the manufacture of candies of all grades from the common "stick" to the finest fancy canes—all, however, out of the purest sugar. He says he can sell with any other market. If so, we predict that hereafter the good people of Jacksonville will consume no other candies but Bennett's and that the children will cry after it constantly. We will soon have some samples that we will present to our dealers.

We invite attention to a communication in another column, in relation to the decoration of the graves of our dead. We think it eminently proper and there can be no rational objection to the day chosen (Sunday), for it is not a holy work—one calculated to bring out the better feelings? Let a committee of ladies take the affair in hand, and next Saturday we will be able to announce positively whether it will take place or not.

As the canvass is approaching we deem it not inappropriate to say that we consider the REPUBLICAN under no special obligation to print communications in favor of any particular men for office; and that, as in the last canvass, we shall charge our advertising rates for all such. "Many voters," "Vox Populi" and others can propose as many candidates as they please with this understanding. The press generally have found it necessary to adopt this rule.

Ex-Presidents who have Held Office after Retirement.

There is again talk that ex-President ANDREW JOHNSON will be elected to the next Congress from one of the East Tennessee districts. He is in the prime of life—in too ambitious in character and aggressive in disposition—he has told old residents that he wishes to gratify them to have him remain president, and to give him a chance to remain in public life. The statement which has been made, that no other President ever took any other position after retiring from the Presidency, is a gross error.

GEORGE WASHINGTON accepted the post of General of the United States Armies, in view of a war with France, then expected, and occupied it at the time of his death.

JOHN ADAMS, our second President, was in 1820, at the advanced age of 85 years, elected a member of the Convention that was held in Massachusetts to revise the Constitution of the State. He was chosen its president, but declined the honor.

JAMES MADISON, our fourth President, after twelve years dignified retirement from the Presidential chair, was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention in Virginia, which was held at Richmond in 1829.

It is said that "when he rose, after long silence, to utter a few words, the members left their seats and crowded around the venerable octogenarian—dressed black, with his thin gray hair still powdered as in former times—to catch the low whisper of his voice."

John Tyler, the last of the old Presidents, in 1825, accepted the humble office of Justice of the Peace, and sat as such in the County Court. Like his venerable predecessor, Mr. MADISON, he was also elected a member and served in the famous Virginia Constitutional Convention of 1829.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, our sixth President, ceased to be such on the 4th of March, 1829. Two years after he was elected to the House of Representatives from the Quincy District, Massachusetts, and continued to serve by successive elections until February, 1831, a period of seventeen years, when he was struck down by a fatal attack of paralysis while in his seat in the House.

The eighth President, MARTIN VAN BUREN, was a presidential candidate eight years after his retirement from office, running with CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS for Vice-President.

JOHN TYLER, the tenth President, was a member of the celebrated Peace Conference from the different States which met in Washington, in the winter of 1861, to see if some compromise between sectional difficulties, which eventually led to war, could not be made.

The thirteenth President, MILLARD FILLMORE, was also a Presidential candidate eight years after he had left the Presidential Chair.

Thus it will be seen we have proved that the idea that all our ex-Presidents have gone into absolute retirement, and ceased to take part in public affairs is not true. Asbury Johnson, we may conclude, returned to public life, having completed a return to public life, before he was struck down by a fatal attack of paralysis while in his seat in the House.

The Enquirer might have mentioned another "office," which it is said, JOHN TYLER filled honorably after his retirement from the White House, equally if not more humble than the one held by JAS. MONROE.

The local authorities in Virginia, (this political enemy no doubt,) to humiliate him, made him an overseer of roads. He graciously undertook the discharge of his public duty, and made the best read overseer that part of Virginia ever had before or has had since. He worked them twelve days, against every remonstrance, and left the roads in such excellent condition that no further work was necessary for years.

Governor Vance on Independent Candidates, Hogs, Old Whigs, Radicals, &c.

The following is a passage from a speech of Gov. Vance at Statesville, N. C. a few days ago:

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

Washington, April 12.—Committee of Georgia Republicans in New York have presented a strong case for the issue of bonds & stocks to help the South. [Laughter.] I have got to say to the first question, "Is it?"

The colored convention at New Orleans introduced the bill filibustered over.

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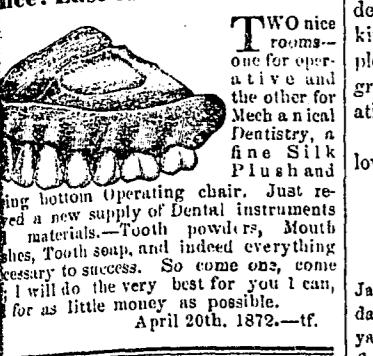
The colored convention at New Orleans introduced the bill filibustered over.

Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA, ALABAMA.

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.

Vice: East of Rowan's Store.



Incendiaries have been at work in Selma. The fine residence of Dr. John Hardee was totally destroyed during the night of the 17 instant.

It is about time (is it not?) for our people to begin to "fix up" for our summer visitors. Let us give up to them our most comfortable and airy rooms; lay in for them all imaginable kinds of good things to eat; project for them pleasant parties and excursions; in short "spread" ourselves one and all to make them most happy and contented.

And to you, gentlemen, who, with your families, design to tabernacle with us in the hot summer months, we can offer in the way of natural advantages a most delightful and healthy climate, four kinds of water, fine scenery, good and pleasant society, a cordial and friendly greeting, and among the minor considerations cheap board and capital fare.

You will be as welcome as the swallows.

(Communicated.)

Mr. GRANT:
We propose to the citizens of Jacksonville and its vicinity, that, on Sunday week, 23d inst., we repair to our Graveyard for the purpose of decorating with flowers the graves of our departed friends.

This beautiful and appropriate custom of decorating the graves of the dead, we think, should be observed in every community. We hold it a sacred duty; it is all we can bestow upon our beloved dead; and while it affords lessons of solemn instruction to the mind, it imparts an effect that is truly grateful and consoling to the bereaved heart.

It needs not, we know, persuasive words to induce a hearty response to this call; for here we not all some dear one in this "City of the Dead"? We hope that those whose relatives are no longer in our midst, and also those of the Confederate soldiers that yet remain to honor our grave-yard, may not be forgotten. An address upon this most interesting occasion will not only be very appropriate, but will be, we feel confident in saying, truly acceptable to all present.

We suggest 2 hours of 3 p. m. as a suitable time for going.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

We learn that a movement is on foot among some of our citizens to organize a Good Templars Lodge in Alexandria. This is a good start and by all means let it be done.

We have had the pleasure this week of welcoming home our townsmen Capt. Ledbetter, who has been absent in New York some weeks selecting a Spring stock.

SABBATH SCHOOL.—The Methodist Sabbath School has been reopened and the attendance is large. They also have prayer-meeting once a week. But we hope to be able to record the organization of the Baptist School at an early day.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Messrs. Green & Ledbetter are making their store room look very handsome with a new stock of goods fresh from the Eastern markets.

The bridge near the spring, on the street leading South, is at present, in a very bad condition. We mention this thinking perhaps the overseer on that portion of the road did not know it.

LON.—We have heard several of our friends speak of the intended monument to be erected in your town. They all compliment the gentlemen who have undertaken such a noble work, and express a readiness to respond freely both with purse and influence.

CLOVERDALE LOCALS.

DEAR SIR:—Thinking you would like to hear from this part of the world, I will write you what little I know about farmers, their crops, the schools, &c., &c.

Farmers, as a general rule, are more or less disheartened on account of so much rain. Few, if any, have made any preparation for planting, the ground being too wet.

Grain of all kind, is very scarce. Many have to buy corn from the merchants at Oxford and other places.

Cotton seed is in great demand. It ranges from 25 cents to a dollar per bushel and is scarce at that.

Clover is doing very well. It is up, and, from all I can learn from those who understand raising it, bids fair for a good crop. Many of our farmers have planted in Detroit for beating his wife. She says it was the worst attack of Kollick she ever had.

If one dollar be invested, and the interest added to the principal annually, at the rates named, we shall have the following result as the accumulation of one hundred years:

1 do, 100 years, at 1 cent. \$21
do, do, 3 do, 191
do, do, 6 do, 340
do, do, 8 do, 2,343
do, do, 9 do, 5,415
do, do, 10 do, 12,809
do, do, 12 do, 84,765
do, do, 14 do, 145,065
do, do, 24 do, 2,551,709,404

In the light of the foregoing figures we ask the thoughtful consideration of the fact that the rates of interest paid in the country are always exorbitant and sometimes, as at the present, terribly oppressive.

Rome Commercial.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the women of our country the result of this investigation. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr. J. Bradford's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "hives," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by restoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constipation upon the plump past rather than the thin.

SCRATCH
of a pen again, or ever eat another RITE
of bread, if he does not sell them great bargains;

AND
he is so positive of this that he would even go so far as to FIGHT

anybody who might dispute his word. Call one, call all.

We this week complete the story of Amata. The young lady who has translated it deserves the highest credit, both for her industry and the satisfactory manner in which she has rendered her author. We cannot tell who she is, but we will say that she is a young lady of more than ordinary intellect, education, refinement, and about—well this matter of age is a delicate thing, not above sixteen or seventeen.

Weaver's Station is quite a convenience for the neighborhood. Is still improving, but we should not expect anything different when we have such an energetic gentleman at the "head" of affairs" as Mr. D. F. W. Hope whatever avocation he may attempt may meet with success commensurate with his merits which we are sure he richly deserves. The star of hope has arose among us, that at some future day Weaver's Station may become a considerable town.

As it is "leap year," and but a short distance, the ladies think they will take their sweet-hearts a riding and show them the water works at our town, Jacksville, which bids fair to soon become a city.

Very little sickness in the neighborhood at present.

We hope some one will revive our Sabbath School soon at Cave creek.

With many kind wishes I close,

ESTELLE.

Two nice rooms—one for ever, the other for Mechaniacal Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of dental instruments and materials. Two pounds of Mouthashes, tooth powder, Mouthwashes, and indeed everything to success. So come on, come for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—if.

More street lamps going up. Reading matter on every page of the paper.

Major Benj. W. W. has the biggest, but the same time the "no contest" in town.

Dave Privitt and Mun Renfro have got out among the farmers, in a two horse wagon, to sell their subsoil plow.

The half grown trees planted by the mulch in February, about the square, & every one of them living.

Messrs. John M. W. W. and Thomas Daniels are with us this week, both looking well, as they always do.

We have introduced a new feature this week which we shall keep up; that is to make up a "resume" of the important telegraphic news of the week.

The next great undertaking that will give the attention of Jacksonville will be to bring the water from Schenck's Upper Spring, into town, through certain pipes.

DRAPER & JOHNSON call the attention of farmers to a lot of "Warren's Patent Hoe." It is the best implement for both garden and field work. All see them, and purchase some of their New Orleans Syrup.

Davissville and Piney Woods Locals have been mislaid, and after diligent search cannot be found. Will "Miss June" and the Davissville gent write us again?

Attention is invited to the new advertisement of Dr. C. C. Porter. He has received a new lot of things in his office. He is too well known as an excellent Dentist to need a word from us on that head.

Since chickens have got to walking about regardless of the fact whether they have been headed or not, nothing that that interesting fowl does is calculated to surprise us. Tuesday people thought to see a little negro running across the square, eying, closely, pursued by a game rooster. This rooster houses himself by chasing little darkies wherever he finds them.

We return thanks to Mr. William J. Byrd, Jr., for complimentary ticket and invitation to A. & M. A. Fair, to be held at Selma May 1, 2, 3 & 4. Many will no doubt go down from this section.

Attention is invited to the advertisement of the *Universal Herald*. Those who believe in the comfortable doctrine that Mr. Burruss will doubtless find it a good paper. It was once easier to be a Universalist than now. That was before the days of Radicalism.

A gentleman who describes Jacksonville as the most beautiful place in Alabama, and Calhoun College as an ornament to the town, says that we ought to all means to improve the grounds of the College next to the railroad—that the bare unsightly hill side impresses strangers passing along the road unfavorably. Let us have shade trees planted and some grading done.

The Ladies of Jacksonville will be glad to know that Jacob Rosenberg has in stock a lot of Goods which every body says

ARE THE PRETTIEST

and most stylish in town, in fact we might say

IN THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

He hopes the ladies will call and see them as early as

THEY CAN

and he boldly announces that he wishes he may never make the

SCRATCH

of a pen again, or ever eat another RITE

of bread, if he does not sell them great bargains;

AND

he is so positive of this that he would even go so far as to

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH A BAD BREATH.—It annoys your friends as well as yourself. You would like to get rid of it, but scarcely know how to do it. Use the frankincense oil, which will tell you. Use the frankincense oil.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVORING EXTRACT.—Genuine Vanilla, & Charge you a cent. Send one to me to taste.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—Safe and best Oil ever made.

DR. HAZARD'S OIL.—Does not take fire easily. Oil extract.

Over 150,000 prescriptions daily to see us, and accented of any description have occurred from it.

Oil House of Charles Pratt, established 1790, New York.

THE PUBEST.—Sweetest Coal Liver Oil.

DR. HAZARD'S OIL.—Does not take

fire easily. Oil extract.

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Jacksonville Republican.
DISHED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATUR-
DAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, \$2 00
not paid in advance, \$3 00
TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
A square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, \$1 00
each subsequent insertion, 50
each one square counted as two, &c.
Bills, etc., charged at advertising rates.
Arrangement of Candidates, 50
Annunciation of Candidates, 50
For County offices, \$5 00
For State offices, \$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., APRIL 27, 1872.

WHOLE NO 1828

Rates of Advertising,		
For three, six, or twelve Months		
One square of 10 lines,	2 months,	\$5 00
" "	" "	7 50
" "	12 "	10 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" "	6 "	15 00
" "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" "	6 "	35 00
" "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	60 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. H. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Charge-
ment. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,
ALA. Practice in all the Courts of
Law and Equity in the counties of
Cleburne, Etowah, Cherokee, and the Supreme court
of the State. May 20—1871.

WEN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair
and Cherokee, and the Supreme Court
of the State. Dec. 23d, 1866.

J. TURNER, G. I. TURNLEY.
J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair
and Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and
Kosciusko, in the Supreme Court of the
State, and in the U. S. District Court,
Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

G. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the
Practice of Law, will practice to-
gether, except in CRIMINAL cases, in the
Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair,
Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

JASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law.

SELMA, ALA.
WILL practice in all the State Courts;
also the Federal Courts at Mont-
gomery; buy sell and rent real estate.

Savage & de Rochemont,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND
COLLECTORS IN CHANCERY &
COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.
WILL practice in all the courts of the
State also in the Supreme court.
Actions made before the United States
Court of Claims, also general land and
cession Agents.

April 13 1872 ly.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE — ALA.
Feb. 25 1872—ly.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE — ALA.
Feb. 25 1872—ly.

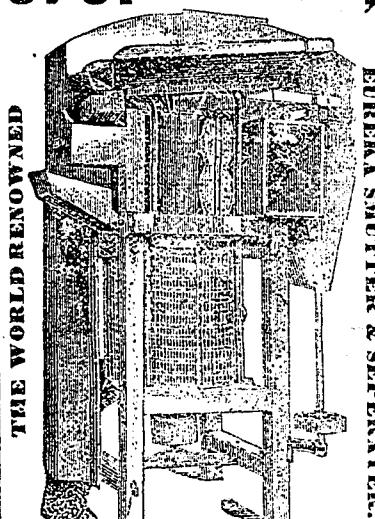
BUSH'S TANNERY.
All persons who want
FINE LEATHER,
BRIDLES, SADDLES & HARNESSES
Would do well to call at

C. G. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing)
Rome, Ga.

Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid
slipping order and forwarded same day
its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
Sept. 23, 1871—ly.

J. J. Cohen,



EUREKA SMUTTER & SEPERATOR.
THE WORLD REOWNED

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel.

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

Which has been repaired, refurnished
and relit up especially for the comfort
of those who may favor us with a
room. Rooms large and comfortable—fire
good as the country affords—servants polite
and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regal
boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND, Proprietor.

Dec. 18, '69—ly.

Plumier's Hotel.

Near R. R. Depot & Steamboat Wharf,
No. 21 Shorter Block, Broad Street

ROME, GA.

DAVIS & WYATT, Proprs.

FIRST-CLASS FARE & OPEN AT ALL HOURS.

SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

TUOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,
BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA — ALABAMA.

Ja = 6 — ly

W. B. MCGRIST.

MCKINNEY & CO.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchandise

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma Alabama

We have a large and convenient

Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every

facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 ly

J. A. VOGEL,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

CHOICE HAVANA & DOMESTIC

Sigars.

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

Snuff, Pipes &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

(No. 1 Gilman's New Building, next door to the Post Office.)

SELMA ALABAMA.

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,

J. H. Jones, Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof

Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Trapp House,

SELMA ALABAMA.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. J. BARNARD & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS.

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULD-

INGS &c.

No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

This House was established

in the year 1842.

sep 16—6in.

NOTICE.

The Books, Notes and accounts of

S. & R. J. Morgan having been put in

my hands for collection. Notice is

hereby given to those indebted to said

to come forward and adjust their

accounts. Those who promptly respond

can make arrangements for further in-

dulgence. W. H. ROCHEMONTE, Attorney.

April 13—tf.

BUSH'S TANNERY.

All persons who want

FINE LEATHER,

BRIDLES, SADDLES & HARNESSES

Would do well to call at

AMERICAN MARBLE

Repairing done at quick notice and on

Moderate terms.

We are in want of good

BEEF HIDES,

For which the highest market price will

be paid.

W. F. BUSI & SON.

Apr 13 1872—6ft.

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be paid.

W. F. BUSI & SON.

Apr 13 1872—6ft.

Repairing done at quick notice and on

Moderate terms.

We are in want of good

BEEF HIDES,

For which the highest market price will

be paid.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27th, 1872.

Candidates for both houses of the Legislature are becoming quite thick in Jefferson county.

We invite attention to change of schedule of the South and North railroad.

While everybody is trotting out their wonders, we offer a gentleman of Jacksonville who reads the Congressional debates, entire, every day.

Captain Thomas Jefferson Cox wants us in future when we refer to him to "dignify" him by giving him his proper name.

Communications have begun to flow in upon the city papers of this State in relation to the time it should be held, the policy, and the probable action of the next State Convention. Well, in the multitude of counsel there is wisdom.

A telegraph dispatch of the 16th instant announces the death of the Hon. John Black, editor of the *Eufaula News*. For over a quarter of a century he had been engaged in the newspaper business in Eufaula. He was a popular and successful journalist, and his loss will be felt in the State.

Captain Thomas Jefferson Cox, of the *Gadsden Times*, says that he and Major Hollingsworth as two of the Corporators of the Montgomery and Chattooga railroad, bids the Talladega Galveston, and adds that the road is certain to be built as it is certain to "give the go by to the one horse village of Jacksonville." It pains us to know that the Captain designs slighting us in the construction of his road.

We admit the right of Capt. Thomas Jefferson Cox to use the pen in behalf of the *Montgomery and Chattooga road*; but as we are one of the "Corporators" of the Great Slack Water Navigation Company, of Gadsden, we claim the exclusive right to speak for that company. Let Capt. Thomas Jefferson shine on his own side.

We take the liberty of suggesting Gadsden as the place at which to hold the next District Convention for the purpose of nominating a Democratic Candidate for Congress for this, the 5th District. Gadsden can furnish ample accommodations and has the advantage of being within easy reach of every part of the bi-state.

Capt. Thomas Jefferson Cox establishes a comparison between the editor of this paper and a rabid animal. The Captain has never been exactly straight on the dog question since his nerves were evoked such a shock from the barking of Alex. Stephens' little dog on the occasion of his late visit to that gentleman. This *Times* of a late date contains an account of the excesses of the little animal.

The New York *Herald* is perhaps the greatest journal in the world, and what seems egotism in others will be accounted pardonable in it. Here is a self-congratulatory article called forth by the rumored death of Mr. Stanley, the *Herald's* African correspondent, who, some of the metropolitan press wickedly hint, writes all his African correspondence and pursues Dr. Livingstone from his comfortable quarters in Fifth Avenue Hotel. It is taken by us from a number of specimen editorials printed in the *American Journalist*, a feature by the way, of that excellent paper.

A HERALD (SELF-CONGRATULATORY) LEADER.

When the *Herald* equipped an expedition to explore Africa and to find traces of the famous Dr. Livingstone, it marked a new era in journalism as the ripest phase of modern civilization. It recognized the duty of the press to be something more than merely to stand still and print the news that came to it. The nations were watching with interest and sympathy the movement of this world-renowned explorer. He had charged himself with the duty of solving the problems involved in the mysterious and, so far as we know, the movements of interior Africa. Was it that a country blessed by God with abundant advantages, with a mild climate, fruitful soil, streams and lakes and valleys and mountains should be doomed to the wild beast and the still wider savagery? Was there no way of making Africa a blessing and a comfort to mankind, even as we have made America and Europe? And when a bold and gifted man set forth to penetrate those forbidding wildernesses and deserts and deserts we waited his return with impatience. For the story of his progress was to be a continuation of our own thoughts. When the rumor of his death came to us the impulse of natural greed and English pride caused us to exult in the thought that the world when he had lost his life, perhaps in the effort to give. The man selected by the *Herald* for this work was no ordinary man. If Mr. Stanley—the rumors of whose death comes to us by cable—has failed in this duty we mean his fate in the same spirit, remembering that the date of all must come at last—but in a series of a journal like the *Herald* we must give their lives, as they have lived, and again, serving the great newspaper in series of war and discovery and disaster. The man who falls by the way deserves as much honor as he who wins the race and carries his flag to victory. That man is entitled to a hero's burial. He may not be a hero, but none need fear his first dangerous adventure. When Stanley made his marvelous campaign against the Indians in midwinter Mr. Stanley went with him, and in company with two soldiers rode alone through hundreds of miles of bleak and snowbound prairie to send the tidings. When the English made war on Abyssinia he joined Lord Napier, went through the campaign and sent the first news of the fall of Magdala. He visited Puglia and the cities of Nuremberg and Bologna for the *Herald* and his success, his zeal, his genius, his courage, fit well for his mission in search of living things.

What is he alive or dead we going to work with pride. The propagandist *Journal of American ideas* what's great must have heretofore been. We are happy the work Mr. Stanley has set out to do will be done by him, and that he is able to repeat it. But if he has fallen we shall put his memory all longer and send others to carry the flag which death has taken from his hands.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

The Bankrupt side of the A. & C. Rail Road came off according to arrangement, in Montgomery. Judge Wood having refused to interfere, and the Road was bought by the State for three hundred and twelve thousand dollars. Several gentlemen who were present in behalf of various parties, held the sale and otherwise gave notice of an intention to litigate.

Whether the State is in any better condition now than before is a question we will not attempt to answer.

After a visit to Gadsden, we wrote an article about the place. The *Times* published it without discovering it to be in the least "ironed." The next week, however, the editor, on consulting it over carefully and comparing it with things as they actually were, thought he discovered it to be "ironically complimentary" and therewith, as in due season, proceeded to get his back up. Maybe this week he may be induced to take it down, when he learns that what we said of Gadsden was in entire good faith and in no sense ironical.

True we "blowed a little out of abundance of good will for Gadsden; but the *Times* editor need not have informed the world of the fact by calling the article in question an "ironically complimentary" one. If he hadn't said anything people abroad would have known no better.

Good TEMPLARS.—One night last week, some of the ladies and gentlemen of Jacksonville met and organized a Good Templar Lodge. All the officers were elected, Capt. James Crook being made Chief Templar, and the organization otherwise perfected. As soon as the charter arrives, which will be in a few days, another meeting will be called for the purpose of receiving applications for membership. After that a regular time will be fixed upon for the meetings, and the organization, we hope, will grow and prosper. The object sought to be attained by such an organization is one that no Christian lady or gentleman can, by any possibility, object to, and it is reasonable that the members should expect the countenance and encouragement of all such; and we trust that the I-am-holier-than-thou-spirit among those who have no apparent weaknesses may not operate to discourage those who have undertaken the truly noble and good work comprehended by the organization.

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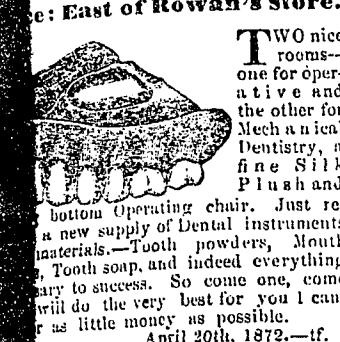
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republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
DRUG DEALERS,
ALABAMA.

C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.

East of Rowan's Store.



Sometimes men who are in arrears for a newspaper, instead of coming to the office and settling up first, stop their papers by a simple refusal to take the same out of the post office, and this without even a letter to the editor requesting bill or indulgence as to time. Now when a gentleman endeavors to sneak out of a just debt in this sort of manner his account ought speedily to find its way into the hands of the Baffler. We are happy to say that but few subscribers of the *Puritanian* have been mean enough to try the game, but occasionally one turns up, and with all such we shall hereafter pursue the course indicated above. A publisher can impose no objection to a subscriber stopping his paper; but the subscriber ought first either to settle up or ask some other arrangement.

AMERICAN JOURNALIST.—We have received several numbers of the *American Journalist and Advertiser's Index*, published in Philadelphia, monthly, by the excellent firm of Cow WEAVER & CO., Advertising Agents, and unhesitatingly pronounced it "very good." It is very ably edited and every number contains both original and selected matter of interest to newspaper editors. The editor in a modest salutary confessed a reluctance to enter upon hi work before so critical an audience as his readers were composed of; but had he known it, he might have spared the expression—he has proven himself equal to the task. We read every article in every number with real pleasure and profit and then file for future use.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, the 23d inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Sam'l. Henderson, Mr. House J. Dean, of Spartanburg, South Carolina, and Miss Amelia M. Crook, daughter of Mr. Saul W. Crook, of Jacksonville, Alabama.

IN GENERAL.

A very small newsboy amused the crowd of street passengers last Saturday by placing himself astride a small billy-goat in front of the custom-house, and piping out at the top of his thin alto voice, "Here's your Freemasonry expos'd!"—Cin. Gazette.

The Russell Examiner says that it is understood that Gov. Lindsay will not be a candidate for re-election; and it proposes Lieut. Gov. Moren, for Governor, and Col. Richard H. Powell, Editor of the Union Springs Herald & Times, for Lieut.—Governor, at the next election.

A LOVE-SICK swain, in order to more fully discover the mind of his "lady-love," closed a letter with the following lines:

"I am a dog.
And I was a dog.
A rottin' away in the card.
It the old man does say
True that hog away.
Would you wory or bite very hard?"

Cucumber Ring.

A New York farmer laugh when his prudent wife advised him not to smoke on a load of hay. He footed it home that night, with his hair singed, most of his garments a prey to the devouring element, and the iron work of the wagon in a potato sack—and then his wife laugh.

Very unreasonable requests are sometimes made of editors. For instance a friend wishes us to advocate his claims for a certain office. His claims are doubtless as good as those of "any other man," but really he asks a *little too much*. Our columns are open to any and all who will pay us for our trouble in publishing their cards and announcing their names, but as to using our columns editorial in the interest of one friend to the exclusion of another, we do not propose to do it.—*Rickland (La.) Beacon.*

During a recent litigation at San Francisco growing out of a gambling transaction, the Judge asked if there was any one present who could show how a "cold deck" was "run," in game of poker. Two-thirds of the audience rushed for the witness-stand, including an officer of the court, who had a "cold deck" in his pocket. The desired information appeared to be so widely disseminated in that locality that any testimony was considered needless, and not a single witness was examined.

Some time ago, an old and favorite dog belonging to Mr. Wm. H. Beyett, of Berrien county, Georgia, died under circumstances that his owner thought warranted a *post mortem* examination which was made, and three living snakes were found attached to the dog's liver—two of a spotted copper color, and one of a dark brown spotted color. Two were about thirty inches in length, and one about twenty inches, all very slender as regards size. The liver was considerably decayed. The snakes lived about ten hours and were finally killed with a stick.

The Texas papers say that the rains which lately visited that State came too late to save many thousand head of stock from starvation. Last summer was hot and dry, the fall dry and cold, and as a consequence, when winter set in, there was neither hay, grass nor water for the immense herds. More snow

fell than is usually seen, adding still another trouble, and Texas papers report that any number of cattle literally starved to death. In Victoria, DeWitt and Gonzalez, counties the loss is reckoned at forty thousand head, and other counties are greater losers.

To PICKLE MEAT IN ONE DAY.—Get a tub nearly full of rain or river water and put two pieces of thin wood across it, and set the beef on them at about the distance of an inch from the water. Heap as much salt as will stand on the meat, and let it remain twenty-four hours; then take the meat off and boil it, and you will find it as salty as if it had been in pickle for weeks—the water having drawn the salt completely through the beef.

A bewildering definition of the word "courtship" was given by a witness in an amusing breach of promise case recently tried in London. Mr. Chambers, counsel for the plaintiff, remonstrated with the witness for using the word. "I am an old bachelor," said he, "and don't understand courtship. How is it done? What is courtship?" The witness, who, being a married lady, might reasonably be expected to answer by the light of her own experience, defined it thus: "Looking at each other, taking hold of each other's hands, and all that kind of thing."

The divorced wife of Lord Ellenborough, who died some short time since, many years ago disappeared from London society. It was said by some that she had married a Continental inn keeper, by others that she had committed suicide. Some years later it was discovered that she had become the wife of the chief of a tribe of Bedouin Arabs, and had adopted their dress and way of life. She had frequently aided her countrymen against the thieving gangs of the Nubian desert. The last heard of her was that she was in command of a large band, conveying several Englishmen through a dangerous part of the desert equipped with gun and spear like an Arab chief.

Henry Barlow, at Greenville, Mississippi, has had occasion to reflect the wisdom of the old proverb, "It is time enough to bid a good morning when you meet him." Henry wanted to know what the future held in store for him, and went to a fortune-teller for information. The seer said that one Louis Harris was destined to kill Henry. Whereupon the latter endeavored to thwart destiny, and announced that he would kill Louis Harris; then Louis Harris flew to Henry Barlow, and kicked and whined and backslid. Proof of these facts being made at the trial, Louis was held to be justified and was accordingly acquitted. But that fortune-teller is not as popular as he was.

Preserve Peas from Weevil.

Editor's Farmer and Gardener.—When you pick your peas and thresh them out, break some China trees, small limbs, with leaves and berries (for the quickest and easiest way), and put in the bottom of your box or cask that may hold the cow peas as you put in your new peas; mix among them the China berries. The berries are best and sweetest, but small limbs, leaves and berries will do. I find that the best protection against weevils, both for peas and corn. I put them in my corn cribs when I house my corn. I think that ras-sals roots chipped up would answer a good purpose, as I find it very good to put in dried fruit to keep worms out.

M. S. B.

Frightened Into Insanity.

Child's Mind Totally Destroyed by Parental Brutality.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

A week or two ago a family named Woodstock arrived in this city from Westchester, New York, intending to settle in the State, and accepted the invitation of an old acquaintance, residing on Rus-sel street, to stop with him for a week or two until they had decided where to locate. Not being suited with the city, Woodstock took a trip to the interior and purchased a farm in Berrien County. He came back Saturday night, and the family would have left Monday, only for the occurrence of a sad affair due to the heartlessness of the father.

The Evergreen Observer says: "Two fine dogs, Tom Perryman and his wife Martha, who murdered Chloe Campbell, the child of Martha, in such a horrible manner, have been safely lodged in the jail of Butler county to await the action of the Grand Jury.

A difficulty occurred at Scotland in Monroe county on the 10th inst., between Aaron Bradly and Edward Dennis, in which knives and pistols were freely used on both sides, and which resulted in the death of Mr. Dennis.

The clarion notes of the headless rooster arouses the Birminghamites from their slumbers.

Junius Brutus Booth appeared as Iago in Richmond, Virginia, the other night, and in the audience was a somewhat unsophisticated individual, who inquired of a gentleman sitting near him, "Is this the play in which a nigger marries a white woman and then chokes her to death?" An appropriate reply was given. The questioner then rose to leave, remarking: "Well, then, darned if I want to see it. 'Twon't do for old Virginia."

The Terre Haute Mail is responsible for the story that "an old lady, living near Greencastle, aged seventy-two years, is the mother of a ten days-old baby." She premises, however, not to do so any more.

The South Carolina Legislature has enacted a law legitimizing the children of colored mothers by white fathers, who held them as slaves.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH A BAD BREATH——Announce your friends as well as yourself. You would like to get rid of it but scarcely know what means to adopt. We will tell you. Use the fragrant Sosodent; it will cleanse and beautify your teeth and tongue.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVORING EXTRACTS.—Lemon, Vanilla, &c. Charge your servant and dealers and observe that they do not substitute in their stead any of the pernicious unpalatable extracts with which the market is flooded. Burnett's Standard Flavoring Extracts are now sold everywhere in the United States.

THE TERRIFIC DUEL Between Prussia and France is over, but thousands of battles are to be fought.

WATERMAN'S VISCARIA BALSAMS AND DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS are now sold everywhere in the United States.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA is never far from me in thought.

THE CONFLICT may last longer in some cases than in others, but the leading Vegetable tonic and alternative of the nineteenth century, invariably triumphs.

THE TWELVE STARS OF HORSES AND CATHERINES are to be sold in every part of the country.

THE PREMIUM SHIRT COMPANY for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

HAVING AN OFFICE AND AN EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER in NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

PRINTS, TICKING, &c. PRINTS AT ALL PRICES, Tickings of every Grade.

Plaid and striped domestic.

Domestic Ginghams,

Scotch Ginghams,

French Ginghams,

Irish Linen,

5-6 Linen sheetings,

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Linen cambricks,

Handkerchiefs,

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BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing,

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&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell very cheap.

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provide

for buying a

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms

upon which which we buy goods, and

sell on time, unless we can collect once a year.

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HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment

and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness,

or Spematorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse,

Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits.

By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the "Green Book" etc.

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed with complete success, and that the cure is safe, simple, and inexpensive.

He also shows that the cure is safe, simple, and inexpensive.

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NUBBINS.

A doctor calls his dog Chinchona on account of the bitterness of its bark.

In Indiana, bashful young men pop the question by asking the fair ones to "slide down the hill of life with them."

An editor, puffing up a certain soap, says: "It is the best ever made for a dirty man's face. We have tried it."

Give me a kiss, dear girl. "I can't." "I do not mind lending you one, but I must have it returned to morrow."

"One done hors of a done color black man and tail about fifteen hands hi five years old no other marks perceivable," has been taken up in Indiana.

A very slender man asked a friend what character he had better assume at a masquerade, and was advised to chalk his head and go as a billiard cue; or he might braid his legs and appear as a whip-lash.

A Boy in Oswego has performed a wonderful feat. He lighted a fire with kerosene with the loss of only two pair of trousers and the skin of his leg. Most boys in his place would have put their parents to the cost of a funeral.

A NUMBER ONE COMPOST.—Take 500 or 700 bushels of my rich earth and mix it with 200 bushels of cotton seed, 20 of ashes, 40 of stable manure, and 50 of marl, and you will have that superior to any commercial fertilizer on any crop.

A man may borrow money, steal from a widow, discount his own whisky bill, or "hip" a prayer-book from a dying heathen, and still have some chance of pardon; but when he swindles a poor printer out of his bill, we think the devil has such a firm grip on the waist of his pants that repentance and forgiveness are utterly out of the question.

The Louisiana negroes insist upon running one of their color for Governor, and they are also determined upon being well represented in Grant's Philadelphia Convention, and will probably make a stiff fight for the nomination of a colored man for the Vice Presidency. We rather like this. It shows that they do not propose to be "niggers" all the time just to please the Radical carpet-baggers and scalawags.

The Liberal Republican Convention meets at Cincinnati on the 1st of May. It is the simple truth to say, the movement is rapidly gaining volume and power. It may lead to momentous political changes. All sides are watching the developments with deep interest. Watch and wait. "Things is working."

Huntsville Advocate.

Cabbage Plants should be set out as early as possible; don't wait for them to get large. Wrap a strip of paper around the stem, let it (the paper) project about an inch above the ground as a protection against cut-worms. As soon as the plants are well "set," give a top dressing of Peruvian guano and salt, and work it in with a rake. The more frequent the workings the sooner the heading will begin.

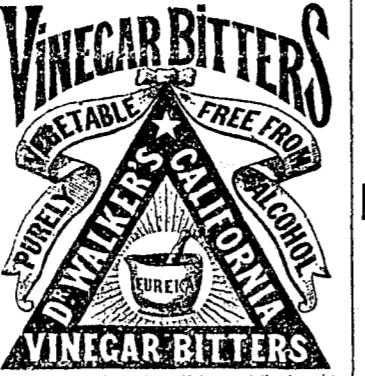
To KEEP ICE.—Bell's Messenger says: Make a double pocket of strong woolen cloth, no matter how coarse and faded it is. Have a space of two inches or so between the inner and outer pockets, and pack this space as full as possible with feathers. You have no need to use goose feathers; hen's feathers are just as good. With a pocket thus constructed and kept closely tied at the mouth, a few pounds of ice may be kept a week.

There is one part of the world where all the belles are diving bells. The girls of the island of Ithira, opposite Rhodes, are not permitted to marry till they have brought up from the sea a certain quantity of sponges, which abound on that part of the coast of Asia Minor; or even before they can give proof of their agility by taking them from a certain depth. Divers couples are made happy every year.

What Washington knew about farming was worth knowing. In 1787 he had five hundred and eighty acres in grass; sowed six hundred bushels of oats; seven hundred acres of wheat, and as much more in corn, barley, potatoes, beans, peas, &c., and one hundred and fifty with turnips. His stock consisted of one hundred and forty horses; one hundred and twelve cows; two hundred and thirty-six working oxen, heifers, and steers, and five hundred sheep. He constantly employed two hundred and fifty hands, and kept twenty-four ploughs going during the whole year, when the earth and the state of the weather would permit. In 1780 he slaughtered one hundred and fifty hogs for the use of his own family, and provisions for his negroes.



SAVANNAH, Ga.



TONIC IN THE
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FREE FROM
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VINEGAR BITTERS.

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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

POSSESSING POWERFUL INVIGORATING PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT FLAVOR.

THESE BITTERS ARE POSITIVELY INVALUABLE IN ALASKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS.

THEY PURIFY THE SYSTEM, AND WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY.

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

NERVOUS DISEASES & LIVER COMPLAINTS.

AND ARE A PREVENTIVE OF CHILDS AND FEVER.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER.

ALL TRY TO THEIR POWERFUL Efficacy.

ARE GOOD FOR THEMENAL ORGANIZATIONS.

AN ANTIQUATOR OF WATER AND DIET.

THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR.

TO THE WRISTED FRAG, AND CORRECT IT.

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE.

The grand panacea for all the ills of life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

THE STANDARD FOR PHYSICIANS THERE,

FOR DOCTORS, FOR PRACTICE.

In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled, and have often been the means of saving life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, single or married, at the dawn of life, or in the fullness of it, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

FOR INFLAMMATORY AND CHRONIC INFLAMMATION AND GOUT, DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, DIARRHEA, INTESTINAL FEVERS, DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, THESE BITTERS HAVE BEEN MOST SUCCESSFUL. SUCH DISEASES ARE CAUSED BY VITIATED BLOOD, WHICH IS FREQUENTLY PRODUCED BY DERANGEMENT OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Neck, Right Side of the Head, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, &c.

SURE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA,

CATARRH, INFLUENZA.

HEADACHE TONIC.

STRATAGIA, RHUMATISM, COUGH, CHILLS, AGUE, CHILLS.

THE APPLICATION OF THESE BITTERS TO THE PART OR PARTS WHERE THE DIFFICULTY EXISTS WILL afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops of half a number of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Cough, Wind in the Stomach, & all Intestinal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them.

A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change or water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF WILL afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys.

Inflammation of the Bowels.

Congestion of the Lungs.

Sure Throat, Difficult Breathing.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria.

Catarrh, Influenza.

Stratagia, Rhumatism, Cold Chills, Ague, Chills.

THESE BITTERS ARE UNPARALLELED.

They are a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Maladies, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Five cents per bottle.

It is a want first and is

PIN, TAPE, AND OTHER WORMS.

IN THE SYSTEM OF SO MANY THOUSANDS, NO CURE IS KNOWN.

BOTH BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALTER, Proprietor, R. H. MCDONALD & CO., Importers and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 21 Commerce Street, New York.

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SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

OF TAR.

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWENTY valuable active principles of the well known

PINE TREE TAR.

UNQUALIFIED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Rheumatism, and Consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL.

APPLIED DIRECTLY TO THE SKIN.

MUTLATING EFFECTS UPON THE GENERAL SYSTEM, IS THE SECRET OF ITS EXCELLENCE.

GISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

INCLUDING Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, & all Internal Organs.

ONE TRIAL CONvinces!

Volatile Solution of Tar

FOR INHALATION, without application of Heat.

A remarkably VOLATILE solution, which is absorbed through the skin, and renders the body fit for the most effective and positively curative.

ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,

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is without doubt the best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for these diseases, and should be used in the first stages of the disease, family, especially during the months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, \$1.00 per bottle.

Volatile Solution for Inhalation, \$1.00 per box.

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